mTOR inhibitor Catalog code: inh-tor 1, inh-tor 1-5 https://www.invivogen.com/torin1

Torin

For research use only

Version 23L08-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Contents Torin 1 is available in two quantities:

- inh-tor1: 10 mg Torin 1
- inh-tor1-5: 5 x 10 mg Torin 1

Storage and stability

- Torin 1 is shipped at room temperature. Upon receipt, store at -20 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}.$

- Upon resuspension, prepare aliquots of Torin 1 and store at -20 °C. Resuspended Torin 1 is stable for 6 months when properly stored. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Quality control

- Purity ≥97% (UHPLC)

- The absence of bacterial contamination (e.g. lipoproteins and endotoxins) is confirmed using HEK-Blue^ $\rm TLR2$ and HEK-Blue^ $\rm TLR4$ cells.

DESCRIPTION

Torin 1 is a potent and selective ATP-competitive inhibitor of mTOR (mammalian target of rapamycin) kinase¹, the catalytic subunit of two functionally distinct complexes (mTORc1 and mTORc2) that coordinately promote cell growth, proliferation, and survival. Unlike classical mTOR inhibitors such as rapamycin, Torin 1 is able to effectively block phosphorylation of mTORc1 and mTORc2². Torin 1 is an effective inducer of autophagy, as inhibition of mTOR mimics cellular starvation by blocking signals required for cell growth and proliferation^{3, 4}. Interestingly, Torin 1 has also been shown to have cytotoxic and cytostatic effects in rapamycin-resistant cells⁵.

1. Liu Q. et al., 2010. Discovery of 1-(4-(4-propionylpiperazin-1-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl)-9-(quinolin-3-yl)benzo[h][1,6]naphthyridin-2(1H)-one as a highly potent, selective Mammalian Target of Rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitor for the treatment of cancer. Med Chem. 53(19):7146-55. 2. Thoreen C.C. et al., 2009. An ATP-competitive mammalian target of rapamycin inhibitor reveals rapamycin resistant functions of mTORC1. J Biol Chem. 284(12):8023-32. 3. Jung CH. et al., 2010. mTOR regulation of autophagy. FEBS Lett. 584(7):1287-95. 4. Wang, R.C. et al., 2012. Akt-mediated regulation of autophagy and tumorigenesis through Beclin 1 phosphorylation. Science 338(6109):956-9. 5. Park S. et al., 2016. Rapamycin-resistant and torin-sensitive mTOR signaling romotes the survival and proliferation of leukemic cells. BMB Rep. 49(1):63-68. 6. Zhou J. et al., 2013. Activation of lysosomal function in the course of autophagy via mTORC1 suppression and autophagosome-lysosome fusion. Cell Res. 23(4):508-23.

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Solubility: 2 mg/ml (3.29 mM) in DMSO CAS number: 1222998-36-8 Formula: $C_{35}H_{28}F_3N_5O_2$ Molecular weight: 607.6 g/mol



TECHNICAL SUPPORT InvivoGen USA (Toll-Free): 888-457-5873 InvivoGen USA (International): +1 (858) 457-5873 InvivoGen Europe: +33 (0) 5-62-71-69-39 InvivoGen Asia: +852 3622-3480 E-mail: info@invivogen.com

METHODS

Preparation of 3 mM (1.823 mg/ml) stock solution

1. Weigh 2 mg of Torin 1.

Add 1.097 ml of DMSO to the 2 mg of Torin 1. Mix by vortexing.
Prepare dilutions using sterile, endotoxin-free water or aqueous

buffer.

Working concentration: 250 nM (152 ng/ml) to $1 \,\mu$ M (607.6 ng/ml) for cell culture assays

Autophagy reporter assay:

Described below is a protocol to study the effects of Torin 1 in HeLa-Difluo™ hLC3b cells, an autophagy reporter cell line derived from the human epithelial carcinoma HeLa cell line. These cells express two fluorescent reporter genes (RFP and GFP) fused to the N-terminal of the LC3 protein. The expression of this fusion protein enables the monitoring of autophagic flux in real time. For more information, visit www.invivogen.com/hela-difluo-hlc3.

Day 1

1. Prepare a HeLa-Difluo[™] hLC3b cell suspension at ~100,000 cells/ml.

2. Add 500 μ l of cell suspension per well of a 24-well plate.

3. Leave to incubate overnight at 37 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ in a 5% ${\rm CO_2}$ incubator. Dav 2

1. Add 20 μ l of Torin 1 at a final concentration of 250 nM to 1 μ M and incubate at 37 °C for 30 min to 1 hour.

2. Perform image-based analysis using a fluorescent microscope.

PROTOCOLS

For reference only; as described in the indicated publications. **Cell Culture Assay**⁴ Cells: HeLa expressing GFP-LC3 Working concentration: 250 nM Incubation time: 2-4 hours **Cell Culture Assay**⁶ Cells: MEF (Murine Embryonic Fibroblasts) expressing GFP-LC3 Working concentration: 1 µM Incubation time: 3 hours

Animal Study¹

Animal model: Mice bearing U87MG xenografts Dose: 20 mg/kg daily for 10 days Administration: Intraperitoneal (IP)

RELATED PRODUCTS

Product	Description	Cat. Code
HeLa-Difluo™ hLC3 Cells Ranamvcin	Autophagy reporter cells	heldf-hlc3b tirl-rap
RAW-Difluo™ hLC3 Cells	Autophagy reporter cells	rawdf-mlc3b

