THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14 KO-TLR4 Cells

TLR4 knockout, MD-2 & CD14 expressing NF-κB & IRF reporter monocytes

Catalog code: thpd-mckotlr4

https://www.invivogen.com/thp1-dual-mc-ko-tlr4

For research use only

Version 23A09-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Contents

- 3-7 x 10° THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14 KO-TLR4 cells in a cryovial or shipping flask. IMPORTANT: If cells provided in a cryovial are not frozen upon arrival, contact InvivoGen immediately.
 - 1 ml of Blasticidin (10 mg/ml). Store at 4°C or -20 °C.*
 - 1 ml of Zeocin[™] (100 mg/ml). Store at 4°C or -20 °C.
- 1 ml of Normocin™ (50 mg/ml), a formulation of three antibiotics active against mycoplasmas, bacteria, and fungi. Store at -20 °C.*
 *The expiry date is specified on the product label.
- 1 tube of QUANTI-Luc™ 4 Reagent, a Lucia luciferase detection reagent (sufficient to prepare 25 ml). Store at -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Note: This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.
- 1 ml of QB reagent and 1 ml of QB buffer (sufficient to prepare 100 ml of QUANTI-Blue™ Solution, a SEAP detection reagent). QB reagent and QB buffer are stable for 1 year at -20 °C. QUANTI-Blue™ Solution is stable for 2 weeks at 4 °C and for 2 months at -20 °C. Note: Data sheets for all components are available on our website

Handling Frozen Cells Upon Arrival

Cells must be thawed immediately upon receipt and grown according to handling procedures (as described on the next page) to ensure the best cell viability and proper assay performance.

Note: Avoid freezing cells upon receipt as it may result in irreversible damage to the cell line.

<u>Disclaimer</u>: We cannot guarantee cell viability if the cells are not thawed immediately upon receipt and grown according to handling procedures. IMPORTANT: For cells that arrive in a shipping flask please refer to the enclosed 'cell recovery procedure'.

Cell Line Stability

Cells will undergo genotypic changes over time that will result in reduced responsiveness in normal cell culture conditions. Genetic instability is a biological phenomenon that occurs in all genetically engineered cells. Therefore, it is critical to prepare an adequate number of frozen stocks at early passages.

Quality Control

- MD-2 expression has been verified by RT-qPCR and functional assays.
- CD14 expression have been verified by flow cytometry. and functional assays.
- TLR4 KO has been verified by PCR, DNA sequencing, and functional assays
- The stability for 20 passages, following thawing, has been verified.
- These cells are guaranteed mycoplasma-free.

RESTRICTIONS

These cells are distributed for research purposes only.

This product is covered by a Limited Use License. By use of this product, the buyer agrees with the terms and conditions of all applicable Limited Use Label Licenses. For non-research use, such as screening, quality control or clinical development, contact info@invivogen.com.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

THP1-DualTM MD2-CD14 KO-TLR4 cells are designed as a control cell line for THP1-DualTM MD2-CD14-TLR4 cells to monitor the TLR4-dependent NF- κ B and IRF reponses upon stimulation with rough and smooth LPS (lipopolysaccharide).

THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14 KO-TLR4 cells were generated from the THP1-Dual™ cell line through the stable knockout (KO) of the human (h)TLR4. Additionally, they co-express two co-adaptor proteins important for LPS signaling, MD-2 and CD14. THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14 KO-TLR4 cells also feature two reporter genes allowing the simultaneous study of the IRF pathway, by monitoring the activity of an inducible secreted Lucia™ luciferase and the NF-κB pathway by monitoring the activity of an inducible SEAP (secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase). Lucia luciferase and SEAP activities are readily assessable in the supernatant using QUANTI-Luc™ and QUANTI-Blue™ Solution, respectively.

The biallelic KO of the TLR4 within the THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14 KO-TLR4 cells abolishes every response to any type of LPS, when compared to the THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14-TLR4 cells or their parental cell line THP1-Dual™. Moreover, this KO cell line can be used to distinguish between TLR4- and other TLRs-mediated responses (e.g. TLR2).

These cells are selectable with Blasticidin and Zeocin[®].

BACKGROUND

The Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4) is an important pattern recognition receptor (PRR) in innate immunity and inflammation. It is found on the surface and in endosomes of immune cells and endothelial cells¹. TLR4 primarily is activated by lipopolysaccharide (LPS), a core component of Gram-negative bacteria². Wild-type LPS contains an O-side chain and is referred to as smooth (sLPS). Few bacteria strains (e.g. Salmonella Thyphimurium) do not express the O-side chain. This mutated form is called rough (rLPS). Both LPS types interact with the same adaptor proteins to activate TLR4 dimerization, MD-2 and CD14. While the sLPS requires CD14 co-expression, the rLPS can also interact with TLR4 in a CD14-independent manner. There are two distinct signaling cascades triggered by the dimerization of TLR4. At the cell surface, activation of TLR4 initiates the MyD88-dependent pathway, ultimately leading to the activation of NF-κB. Also, the TLR4 complex can be endocytosed into endosomes in a CD14-mediated fashion. This results in the the TRIF-dependent stimulation of IRF3 (interferon regulatory factor 3), which modulates the expression of type LIFN³.

1. Ou, T. et al. 2018. The Pathologic Role of Toll-Like Receptor 4 in Prostate Cancer. Front Immunol 9, 1188. 2. Cochet, F. et al. 2017. The Role of Carbohydrates in the Lipopolysaccharide (LPS)/Toll-Like Receptor 4 (TLR4) Signalling. Int J Mol Sci 18 3. Kuzmich, N.N. et al. 2017. TLR4 Signaling Pathway Modulators as Potential Therapeutics in Inflammation and Sepsis. Vaccines (Basel); 5(4):34.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

InvivoGen USA (Toll-Free): 888-457-5873 InvivoGen USA (International): +1 (858) 457-5873 InvivoGen Europe: +33 (0) 5-62-71-69-39





SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Biosafety Level 1

HANDLING PROCEDURES

Required Cell Culture Medium

• Growth Medium: RPMI 1640, 2 mM L-glutamine, 25 mM HEPES, 10% (v/v) heat-inactivated fetal bovine serum (FBS), 100 U/ml penicillin, 100 µg/ml streptomycin, 100 µg/ml Normocin™

Initial culture of all THP-1 derived cells must be performed in growth medium containing 20% heat-inactivated FBS.

Note: The use of Normocin™ together with Pen-Strep is required to keep the cells free of microbial contaminants. Contamination of this cell line may activate TLRs resulting in differentiation of the monocytes and activation of the reporter gene.

- Test Medium: RPMI 1640, 2 mM L-glutamine, 25 mM HEPES, 10% (v/v) heat-inactivated fetal bovine serum (FBS), 100 U/ml penicillin, 100 µg/ml streptomycin
- Freezing Medium: 95% FBS and 5% DMSO

Required Selection Antibiotics

Blasticidin and Zeocin[®]

Initial Culture Procedure

The first propagation of cells should be for generating stocks for future use. This ensures the stability and performance of the cells for subsequent experiments.

- 1. Thaw the vial by gentle agitation in a 37 °C water bath. To reduce the possibility of contamination, keep the O-ring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid.
- 2. Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as the contents are thawed, and decontaminate by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. <u>Note:</u> All steps from this point should be carried out under strict aseptic conditions
- 3. Transfer cells to a larger tube containing 15 ml of pre-warmed growth medium (with 20% heat-inactivated FBS). Do not add selective antibiotics until the cells have been passaged twice.
- 4. Centrifuge at 1000-1500 RPM (RCF 200-300 g) for 5 minutes.
- 5. Remove supernatant containing the cryoprotective agent and resuspend cells with 1 ml of growth medium (with 20% heat-inactivated FBS).
- 6. Transfer the cells to a T-25 culture flask containing 5 ml of growth medium (with 20% heat-inactivated FBS).
- 7. Place the culture at 37 °C in 5% CO₂.

Frozen Stock Preparation

1. Resuspend cells at a density of 5-7 x 10^6 cells/ml in freezing medium freshly prepared with cold FBS.

Note: A T-75 culture flask typically yields enough cells for preparing 3-4 frozen yiels

- 2. Dispense 1 ml of the cell suspension into cryogenic vials.
- 3. Place vials in a freezing container and store at -80 °C overnight.
- 4. Transfer vials to liquid nitrogen for long term storage. <u>Note:</u> If properly stored, cells should remain stable for years.

Cell Maintenance

- 1. After cells have recovered and are growing well (following at least two passages), maintain and subculture the cells in growth medium. To maintain selection pressure, add 10 μ g/ml Blasticidin and 100 μ g/ml Zeocin[®] to the growth medium every other passage.
- 2. Pass the cells every 3 days by inoculating 5×10^5 cells/ml. Do not allow the cell concentration to exceed 2×10^6 cells/ml.

<u>Note:</u> The average doubling time for the THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14 KO-TLR4 cells is 24 - 36 hours using the conditions described above.

REPORTER ASSAY PROTOCOL

Below is a protocol using THP1-Dual MD2-CD14 KO-TLR4 cells as a control cell line to monitor the TLR4-dependent NF- κ B and IRF reponses in THP1-Dual MD2-CD14-TLR4 cells, upon stimulation with rough and smooth LPS. It is recommended to perform the assay with test medium which does not contain Normocin nor Zeocin nor Blasticidin.

Cell preparation

- 1. Centrifuge at 150 x g (RCF) for 10 min or 300 x g (RCF) for 5 min.
- 2. Remove supernatant
- 3. Prepare a cell suspension of THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14-TLR4 cells and THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14 KO-TLR4 control cells in freshly prepared, pre-warmed test medium at 6 x 10^5 cells/ml.

Stimulation of THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14-TLR4 and control cells

1. Add 20 μ l of TLR4 ligands (e.g. rough LPS-EK Ultrapure (UP) at 10 ng/ml; smooth LPS-EB UP at 10 ng/ml) per well of a flat-bottom 96-well plate. Include a NF- κ B positive control (e.g. recombinant hTNF- α at 10 ng/ml), an IRF positive control (e.g. recombinant hIFN- β at 1000 U/ml), and a negative control (e.g. endotoxin free water).

Note: Use new tips for each well to avoid cross-contamination.

- 2. Add 180 μ l of cell suspension (~100,000 cells) per well.
- 3. Incubate the plate for 18-24 h at 37 °C, 5% CO₂.

Detection of NF-κB induction

- 1. Prepare QUANTI-Blue™ Solution following the instructions on the data sheet.
- 2. Dispense 180 µl of QUANTI-Blue™ Solution per well of a new flat-bottom 96-well plate.
- 3. Add 20 µl of stimulated cell supernatant/well.
- 4. Incubate the plate at 37 °C for 1-3 h.
- 5. Determine SEAP levels using a spectrophotometer at 620-655 nm.

Detection of IRF induction

Below is a protocol for end-point readings using a luminometer with an injector. This protocol can be adapted for use with a luminometer with or without an injector for kinetic measurements.

- 1. Prepare QUANTI-Luc $^{\text{TM}}$ 4 Reagent working solution following the instructions on the data sheet.
- 2. Set the luminometer with the following parameters: $50\,\mu l$ of injection, end-point measurement with a 4 second start time and 0.1 second reading time.
- 3. Add 10 μ l of stimulated cell supernatant/well into a 96-well white (opaque) or black plate, or a luminometer tube.
- 4. Prime the injector with QUANTI-Luc[™] 4 Reagent working solution and proceed with the measurement.

RELATED PRODUCTS

THP1-Dual™ MD2-CD14-TLR4 thpd-mci LPS-EK Ultrapure (UP) tlrl-peklp LPS-EB UP tlrl-3pelp QUANTI-Blue™ Solution rep-gbs1	ode
QUANTI-Luc™ rep-qlc1 Normocin™ ant-nr-1 Blasticidin ant-bl-1 Zeocin® ant-zn-1	nctlr4 klps elps ss1 c1 -1



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QUANTI-Blue™ Solution

Medium for detection and quantification of alkaline phosphatase in standard and HTS assays

Catalog code: rep-qbs, rep-qbs2, rep-qbs3

https://www.invivogen.com/quanti-blue

For research use only

Version 23A12-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Contents: QUANTI-Blue[™] Solution is available in three pack sizes

- rep-qbs: $5 \times 1 \, \text{ml}$ of QB reagent and $5 \times 1 \, \text{ml}$ QB buffer, sufficient to prepare QUANTI-Blue[™] Solution for 25×96 -well plates (500 ml using the standard procedure) or 20×1536 -well plates (85 ml using the HTS screening procedure).
- rep-qbs2: 10 x 1 ml of QB reagent and 10 x 1 ml QB buffer, sufficient to prepare QUANTI-Blue $^{\rm m}$ Solution for 50 x 96-well plates (1 L using the standard procedure) or 40 x 1536-well plates (170 ml using the HTS screening procedure).
- rep-qbs3: 1 x 20 ml bottle of QB reagent and 1 x 20 ml bottle of QB buffer, sufficient to prepare QUANTI-Blue™ Solution for 100 x 96-well plates (2 L using the standard procedure) or 80 x 1536-well plates (340 ml using the HTS screening procedure). Required Material (not provided)
- Sterile water
- Sterile screw cap tube, glass bottle or flask

Storage and stability

- Product is shipped at room temperature. Upon receipt, store QB reagent and QB buffer at -20 °C. Product is stable for 1 year at -20 °C when properly stored.
- The 20 ml bottles of QB reagent and QB buffer are designed for single use. If required, individual aliquots of QB reagent and QB buffer can be prepared upon receipt or following a single freeze-thaw cycle. Store aliquots at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

<u>Note:</u> During storage, a precipitate may form in the 20 ml bottle of QB reagent. If this occurs, vortex the product until the precipitate disappears. The formation of a precipitate does not affect the activity of the product.

• Reconstituted QUANTI-Blue™ Solution is stable for 2 weeks at 2-8°C and for 2 months at -20°C. Protect QUANTI-Blue™ from light.

Quality Control

 $\label{thm:constraint} Each lot is thoroughly tested to ensure the absence of lot-to-lot variation.$

- Physicochemical characterization (pH, appearance).
- Functional assays using alkaline phosphatase or SEAP-expressing reporter cells.

DESCRIPTION

QUANTI-Blue[™] is a colorimetric enzyme assay developed to determine any alkaline phosphatase activity (AP) in a biological sample, such as supernatants of cell cultures. QUANTI-Blue[™] Solution changes from pink to a purple-blue color in the presence of AP. Secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase (SEAP) is a widely used reporter gene. It is a truncated form of placental alkaline phosphatase, a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchored protein. SEAP is secreted into the cell culture supernatant and therefore offers many advantages over intracellular reporters.

QUANTI-Blue[™] is highly sensitive for quantitative measurement. It has a higher saturation threshold than with pNPP (p-nitrophenyl phosphate) resulting in more significant differences between no, low or high AP activity. Another advantage of QUANTI-Blue[™] is that it can determine secreted AP activity without disturbing cells, thus allowing the repeated sampling of cell cultures for kinetic studies.

METHODS

QUANTI-Blue™ Solution has been optimized for use in 96-well plates (standard procedure) and in 1536-well plates (high throughput screening procedure).

A. Standard procedure

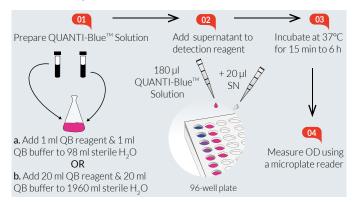


Figure 1. Standard procedure using QUANTI-Blue™ Solution.

The following protocol refers to the use of 96-well plates. Ensure QB reagent and QB buffer are completely thawed before use. Note: For fast thawing, QB reagent and QB buffer can be placed at 37 °C for 2 minutes. Ensure heating at 37 °C does **not** exceed 5 minutes.

- 1. In a sterile bottle or flask, prepare QUANTI-Blue $^{\!\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{M}}}$ Solution by adding:
 - a. 1 ml of QB reagent and 1 ml of QB buffer to 98 ml of sterile water.
- $b.\ 20\ ml$ of QB reagent and $20\ ml$ of QB buffer to $1960\ ml$ of sterile water.
- 2. Mix by vortexing and incubate at room temperature for 10 min before use.
- 3. Use QUANTI-Blue[™] Solution immediately or store at 2-8 °C or -20 °C.
- 4. Dispense 180 μ l of QUANTI-Blue^{M} Solution per well into a flat-bottom 96-well plate.
- 5. Add 20 μl of the sample (supernatant of SEAP-expressing cells) or negative control (cell culture medium).
- 6. Incubate at 37°C for 15 min to 6 h.
- 7. Measure optical density (OD) at 620-655 nm using a microplate reader. <u>Note:</u> If the negative control turns purple/blue, it means the fetal bovine serum (FBS) contains alkaline phosphatase. We recommend heating FBS at $56\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 30 min to inactivate the alkaline phosphatase activity.

For different cell culture plate formats, please refer to the table below:

	96-well plate	24-well plate	12-well plate
QUANTI-Blue [™]	180 µl	450 µl	900 µl
Supernatant	20 μΙ	50 µl	100 μΙ



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B. High Throughput Screening (HTS) procedure

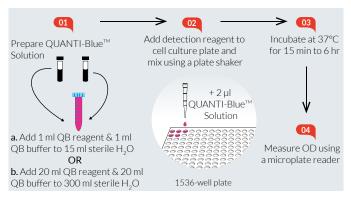


Figure 2. High throughput screening procedure using QUANTI-Blue™ Solution.

This procedure has been optimized for use in HTS screening procedures in 1536-well plates. QUANTI-Blue $^{\rm M}$ Solution is added directly to the cell suspension to reduce liquid handling.

Ensure QB reagent and QB buffer are completely thawed before use. Note: For fast thawing, QB reagent and QB buffer can be placed at 37° C for 2 minutes. Ensure heating at 37° C does **not** exceed 5 minutes.

- 1. Dispense cell suspension and test compounds into a 1536-well plate in a volume that does not exceed $5~\mu l$ per well. Incubate cells with test compounds for the desired period of time.
- 2. Prepare QUANTI-Blue™ Solution by adding:
- a. 1 ml of QB reagent and 1 ml of QB buffer to 15 ml of sterile water in a sterile 50 ml screw cap tube.
- b. $20\,\text{ml}$ of QB reagent and $20\,\text{ml}$ of QB buffer to $300\,\text{ml}$ of sterile water in a sterile glass bottle or flask.
- 3. Mix well by vortexing and incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes before use.
- 4. Use QUANTI-Blue[™] Solution immediately or store at 2-8 °C or -20 °C.
- 5. Dispense 2 µl of QUANTI-Blue™ Solution to the wells containing ≤ 5 µl of cell culture in a 1536-well plate.
- 6. Mix using a plate shaker.
- 7. Incubate at 37°C for 15 min to 6 h.
- 8. Measure OD at 620-655 nm.

Note: If the negative control turns purple/blue, it means the fetal bovine serum (FBS) contains alkaline phosphatase. We recommend heating FBS at 56 °C for 30 min to inactivate the alkaline phosphatase activity.

RELATED PRODUCTS

Product	Catalog Code
pNiFty2-SEAP (Zeo®) pSELECT-zeo-SEAP HEK-Blue™ Detection Recombinant SEAP Protein	pnifty2-seap psetz-seap hb-det2 rec-hseap
Reporter cells HEK-Blue™ hTLR2 HEK-Blue™ hTLR4 RAW-Blue™ Cells THP1-Blue™ NF-ĸB Cells THP1-Blue™ ISG Cells	hkb-htlr2 hkb-htlr4 raw-sp thp-nfkb thp-isg

For a complete list of InvivoGen's Reporter Cell Lines visit https://www.invivogen.com/reporter-cells



QUANTI-Luc[™] 4 Reagent

A coelenterazine-based luminescence assay reagent

https://www.invivogen.com/quanti-luc

For research use only

Version 23A16-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

plates (25 ml standard Flash/end-point detection).

Contents

1 tube of QUANTI-Luc[™] 4 Reagent (20X)
 One tube of QUANTI-Luc[™] 4 Reagent is sufficient for 5 x 96-well

Note: This sample cannot be sold separately from the QUANTI-Luc™ 4 Lucia/Gaussia kit.

QUANTI-Luc™ 4 Lucia/Gaussia comprises two liquid components:

- QUANTI-Luc™ 4 Reagent 20X (coelenterazine substrate)
- QUANTI-Luc[™] 4 Stabilizer 25X (optimized Glow assay reagent)

Find more information at https://www.invivogen.com/quanti-luc.

Storage and Stability

- Store QUANTI-Luc[™] 4 Reagent at -20°C for up to 12 months.
- After preparation, the working solution is stable for 48 hours at 4°C and 1 month at -20°C. Prepare aliquots to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

Quality Control

Each lot is thoroughly tested to ensure the absence of lot-to-lot variation.

- Physicochemical characterization (pH, appearance).
- Functional assays using recombinant Lucia protein or reporter cells.

DESCRIPTION

QUANTI-Luc™ 4 Reagent is a component of the QUANTI-Luc™ 4 Lucia/Gaussia kit. It contains the coelenterazine substrate for the detection of secreted Lucia or Gaussia activity in live-cell supernatants, and of intracellular Renilla after cell lysis. The light signal produced correlates to the amount of luciferase protein expressed. It is quantified using a luminometer and expressed as relative light units (RLUs).

METHODS

Preparation of QUANTI-Luc™ 4 Reagent working solution (1X):

- 1. Dilute the total volume of the 20X tube (1.25 ml) of Reagent into 23.75 ml of sterile water to obtain 25 ml of working solution.
- 2. Vortex very briefly (a few seconds).
- 3. Use the working solution immediately or store until required for use. QUANTI-Luc[™] 4 Reagent working solution can be stored for 48 hours at 4°C or 1 month at -20°C.

Flash detection of luciferase activity from cell culture medium:

To obtain **end-point readings** using a luminometer **with an injector**.

- 1. Set the luminometer with the following parameters: 50 μ l of injection, end-point measurement with a 4 second start time and 0.1 second reading time.
- 2. Pipet 20 μl of sample per well into a 96-well white (opaque) or black plate, or a luminometer tube.
- 3. Prime the injector with QUANTI-Luc™ 4 Reagent 1X and proceed **immediately** with the measurement.

To obtain **end-point readings** using a luminometer **without injectors**.

- 1. Set the luminometer with a 0.1 second reading time.
- 2. Pipet 20 µl of sample per well into a 96-well white (opaque) or black plate, or a luminometer tube.
- 3. Add 50 µl of QUANTI-Luc™ 4 Reagent 1X to each well or tube.
- 4. Gently tap the plate several times to mix (do **not** vortex).
- 5. Proceed **immediately** with the measurement.

RELATED PRODUCTS

Cat. Code
rep-qlc4lg1
rep-qlc4lg2
rep-qlc4lg5

