Validation data for THP1-Dual[™] KO-TLR4 Cells

https://www.invivogen.com/thp1-dual-ko-tlr4

For research use only

Version 22L06-AK

THP1-Dual^M KO-TLR4 cells were generated from the THP1-Dual^M cell line through the biallelic knockout (KO) of the *TLR4* gene **(Figure 1)**. These cells also feature two reporter genes, allowing the simultaneous study of of NF- κ B- and IRF-induced responses by monitoring the SEAP (secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase) and Lucia luciferase activities, respectively. Upon stimulation with TLR4-agonists, we observe the complete loss of NF- κ B-mediated responses when compared to the parental THP1-Dual^M cells **(Figure 2)**. The prior differentation treatment using PMA (Phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate) does not rescue the IRF-response in the TLR4-KO cells in comparison to their parental cell line THP1-Dual^M **(Figure 3)**.

Validation of TLR4 knockout



Figure 1: PCR validation of TLR4 KO. The targeted TLR4 region in THP1-Dual[™] (WT; blue arrow) parental cells and THP1-Dual[™] KO-TLR4 (KO; red arrow) cells was amplified by PCR. THP1-Dual[™] KO-TLR4 cells feature a frameshift deletion, causing an early stop codon and inactivation of TLR4.

Functional validation of TLR4 knockout (NF-κB response)



TECHNICAL SUPPORT InvivoGen USA (Toll-Free): 888-457-5873 InvivoGen USA (International): +1 (858) 457-5873 InvivoGen Europe: +33 (0) 5-62-71-69-39 InvivoGen Asia: +852 3622-3480 E-mail: info@invivogen.com



Figure 2: NF- κ B responses in THP1-DualTMderived cells. THP1-DualTM and THP1-DualTM KO-TLR4 cells were incubated with 0.3 ng/ml human (h)TNF- α (NF- κ B-SEAP positive control), 1 x 10⁴ U/ml hIFN- β (IRF-Lucia positive control), 1 µg/ml LPS-EK Ultrapure (UP), 1 µg/ml LPS-SM UP, 10 ng/ml CRX-527, 1 ng/ml Pam3CSK4 (TLR2/1 agonist). After overnight incubation, the activation of NF- κ B was assessed by measuring the activity of SEAP in the supernatant using QUANTI-BlueTM Solution. Data are shown as optical density (OD) at 630 nm (mean± SEM).



Functional validation of TLR4 knockout (IRF response) after PMA treatment





Figure 3: IRF responses in THP1-Dual[™]derived cells after PMA treatment. THP1-Dual[™] and THP1-Dual[™] KO-TLR4 cells were pre-treated with PMA (Phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate; 10 ng/ml for 3 hours). After 3 days of recovery, they incubated with 0.3 ng/ml human (h)TNF- α (NF- κ B-SEAP positive control), 1 x 10⁴ U/ml hIFN-β (IRF-Lucia positive control), 1 µg/ml LPS-EK UP, 1 µg/ml LPS-SM UP, 10 ng/ml CRX-527 and 1 ng/ml Pam3CSK4 (TLR2/1 agonist). After overnight incubation, the IRF response was assessed by measuring the activity of Lucia luciferase in the supernatant using QUANTI-Luc™. Data are shown as a fold increase over noninduced cells (Lucia luciferase readout).

