Quil-A® Adjuvant

Saponin vaccine adjuvant

Cat. codes: vac-quil, vac-quil-5 https://www.invivogen.com/quila

Distributed by InvivoGen for research use only. Not approved for use in humans.

Version 24J30-NJ

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Contents

Quil-A $^{\circ}$ adjuvant is provided lyophilized and is available in two quantities:

- vac-quil: 1 g
- vac-quil-5: 5 g

Note: **Product is not sterile nor aseptically filled.** However, prior to lyophilization Quil-A® adjuvant has been passed through a 0.22 micron filter.

Storage and stability:

- \bullet Quil-A $^{\!\scriptscriptstyle \otimes}$ adjuvant is provided lyophilized and shipped at room temperature.
- Lyophilized Quil-A® adjuvant can be stored from -25 °C to 25 °C. It is essential that Quil-A® adjuvant is not subjected to humidity, as the lyophilized product may contain a very low number of CFU.
- The product is stable for at least 1 year from the date of manufacture. See product label or certificate of analysis.
- Once dissolved, Quil-A® adjuvant should be stored at -20 °C.

Quality control:

- Purity and composition is assessed using high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) and high-performance thin-layer chromatography.
- The ability of Quil-A® adjuvant to hemolyze sheep red blood cells (SRBC) is used as an indirect read-out for the integrity of the saponin molecule.
- The dry-matter content is tested to verify the efficiency of the lyophilization, as low-water content in the final product is important for maximizing the shelf-life.

DESCRIPTION

Quil-A® adjuvant is a saponin adjuvant produced under GMP by Croda, a leader in the global vaccine adjuvants market, and purified by them through a proprietary process that ensures consistency and immunostimulatory potential. Quil-A® adjuvant is used in a wide variety of veterinary vaccines, as well as in immunological research into human and veterinary applications^{1,2}. Quil-A® adjuvant contains the water-extractable fraction of saponins from the South-American tree, Quillaja saponaria Molina. These saponins belong to the group of triterpenoid saponins, that have a common triterpenoid backbone structure. Saponins induce a strong adjuvant response to T-dependent as well as T-independent antigens³. Saponins also induce strong cytotoxic CD8+ lymphocyte responses and potentiate the response to mucosal antigens^{2,3}. When combined with cholesterol and phospholipids to form ISCOMs (immunostimulatory complexes), Quil-A® adjuvant can activate both the cell-mediated and the antibody-mediated immune responses to a broad range of viral, bacterial, parasitic and tumor antigens4.

1. Reed S. et al., 2013. Key roles of adjuvants in modern vaccines. Nat Med. 19(12):1597-608. 2. Singh M. & O'Hagan D., 2003. Recent advances in veterinary vaccine adjuvants. Int J Parasitol. 33:469-78. 3. Petrovsky N. & Aguilar JC., 2004. Vaccine adjuvants: Current state and future trends. Immunol Cell Biol.82(5):488-96. 4. Sun HX. et al., 2009. ISCOMs and ISOMATRIXT^M. Vaccine 27(33):4388-401.

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

CAS number: 8047-15-2 **Dry matter:** ≥95%

METHOD

Preparation of stock solution (10 mg/ml)

- 1. Weigh 100 mg of Quil-A® adjuvant. Place in a clean container.
- 2. Add 10 ml of distilled water to 100 mg of Quil-A® adjuvant.
- 3. Mix using a magnetic stirrer until all the material has dissolved.
- 4. Immediately after dissolving the lyophilized powder, pass it through a 0.22 micron filter into a sterile container under laminar air flow (Class A) in Class B surroundings.
- 5. After sterile filtration the Quil-A® adjuvant solution should be stored frozen until use. Prepare aliquots to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- 6. Due to the risk of alkaline hydrolysis, do not expose Quil-A* adjuvant to a pH above 8.5.

INJECTION ROUTE

Quil-A® adjuvant should only be injected subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Quil-A® adjuvant should **never** be injected intraperitoneously, as the surface activity of the saponin molecules can lead to chemical peritonitis and induce fibrous adhesions between the organs in the peritoneum.

DOSING GUIDELINES

Mice: $\leq 15 \ \mu g/dose$ Guinea pigs: $\leq 25 \ \mu g/dose$ Rabbits: $\leq 50 \ \mu g/dose$ Pigs: $\leq 300 \ \mu g/dose$ Cattle: $\leq 750 \ \mu g/dose$

RELATED PRODUCTS

| Product | Description | Cat. Code |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| Alum and emulsions | | |
| AddaVax™ | Squalene-o/w | vac-adx-10 |
| Alhydrogel® adjuvant 2% | Al(OH) ₃ gel | vac-alu-250 |
| CFA | Complete Freund's Adjuvant | vac-cfa-10 |
| PRR ligands | | |
| 2'3'-cGAMP VacciGrade [™] | STING agonist | vac-nacga23 |
| ODN 1826 VacciGrade™ | Murine TLR9 agonist | vac-1826-1 |
| Poly(I:C) VacciGrade™ TLR3 agoi | nist | vac-pic |
| OVA Antigens | | |
| EndoFit™ Ovalbumin | For in vivo use | vac-pova |
| Ova 257-264 | For detection; ELISPOT | vac-sin |
| Ova 323-339 | For detection; ELISPOT | vac-isq |

For a complete list of adjuvants provided by InvivoGen, please visit https://www.invivogen.com/vaccine-adjuvants.

Quil-A® is a trademark of Croda.

