Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine

High Molecular Weight

Rhodamine labeled synthetic analog of dsRNA; TLR3 ligand

Catalog code: tlrl-picr

https://www.invivogen.com/polyic-rhodamine

For research use only

Version 21A27-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Contents

- 10 µg Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine

- 1.5 ml sterile endotoxin-free water

Storage and stability

- Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine is shipped at room temperature. Lyophilized product can be stored at -20°C for up to 6 months. Protect from light.

- Upon resuspension, Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine should be aliquoted and stored at -20°C. Protect from light. Resuspended product is stable for 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Quality control

- Human TLR3 (hTLR3) activity tested using HEK-Blue[™] hTLR3 cells

- Rhodamine fluorescence evaluated on RAW-Blue $\mbox{``}$ cells using FACS analysis.

Spectral properties of Rhodamine

Excitation λ max: 546 nm Emission λ max: 576 nm

DESCRIPTION

Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine was chemically labeled by covalent coupling of a rhodamine probe containing a reactive alkylating group. This confers fluorescent properties to poly(I:C) HMW with a slight reduction of TLR3 recognition (see figure 2 on the next page).

Polyinosinic-polycytidylic acid (poly(I:C)) is a synthetic analog of double stranded RNA (dsRNA), a molecular pattern associated with viral infection. Both natural and synthetic dsRNAs are known to induce type I interferons (IFN) and other cytokines production. Poly(I:C) is recognized by Toll-like receptor 3 (TLR3)^{1, 2}. Upon poly(I:C) recognition, TLR3 activates the transcription factor interferon regulatory factor 3 (IRF3), through the adapter protein Toll-IL-1 receptor (TIR) domain-containing adapter inducing IFN-β (TRIF, also known as TICAM-1)³. Activation of IRF3 leads to the production of type I IFNs, especially IFN-B. A second pathway involves the recruitment of TNF receptor-associated factor 6 (TRAF6) or receptor interacting protein 1 (RIP1), with the subsequent activation of the transcription factors NF-kB and AP-14. Activation of this pathway triggers the production of inflammatory cytokines and chemokines such as TNF-a, IL-6 and CXCL10. Poly(I:C) is also recognized by the cytosolic RNA helicases retinoic acid-inducible protein I (RIG-I) and melanoma differentiation-associate gene 5 (MDA-5)⁵.

1. Alexopoulou L et al., 2001. Recognition of double-stranded RNA and activation of NF-kB by Toll-like receptor 3. Nature, 413:732-8. 2. Matsumoto M. et al., 2002. Establishment of a monoclonal antibody against human Toll-like receptor 3 that blocks double-stranded RNA-mediated signaling. BBRC 293:1364-9. 3. Yamamoto M. et al., 2003. Cutting edge: A novel Toll/II-1 receptor domain-containing adapter that preferentially activates the IFN-B promoter in the Toll-like receptor signaling. Science 301:640. 4. Kawai T. & Akira S., 2008. Toll-like receptor and RIG-I-like receptor signaling. Ann N Y Acad Sci. 1143:1-20. 5. Kato H. et al., 2006. Small interfering RNAs mediate sequence-independent gene suppression and induce immune activation by signaling through toll-like receptor 3. Nature 441:101-5.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT InvivoGen USA (Toll-Free): 888-457-5873 InvivoGen USA (International): +1 (858) 457-5873 InvivoGen Europe: +33 (0) 5-62-71-69-39 InvivoGen Hong Kong: +852 3622-3480 E-mail: info@invivogen.com

APPLICATIONS

Poly(I:C) Rhodamine can be used for various applications:

- flow cytometry
- fluorescent and confocal microscopy.

METHODS

Preparation of sterile stock solution (100 $\mu g/ml)$

Stimulation of TLR3 can be achieved with 10 ng-10 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ Poly(I:C) Rhodamine.

1. Add 100 μI of the endotoxin-free water provided to the 10 μg Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine vial to obtain a solution at 100 $\mu g/m I.$

2. Homogenize the solution by pipetting up and down until complete solubilization. Protect from light.

Fluorescent in vitro labeling with Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine

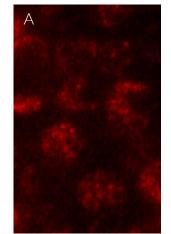
The following protocol describes a method to detect Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine in murine macrophages RAW-Blue[®] cells.

1. Prepare a Raw-Blue" cell suspension (500,000 cells/ml) in DMEM with 10% (v/v) heat-inactivated fetal bovine serum .

2. In a 96-well plate, add 180 μl of the Raw-Blue" cell suspension per well.

3. Stimulate cells with 10 ng-10 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine for 16 h.

 Rinse cells with 1X PBS in order to remove free Poly(I:C) Rhodamine.
Analyze fluorescent labeling using one of the applications listed. Typical results are shown in figure 1.



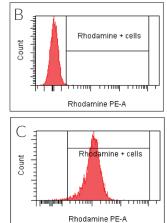


Figure 1. Intracellular fluorescent labeling of RAW-Blue^{\sim} (A) cells following a 16 h incubation with 10 µg/ml Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine (100,000 cells/well of a 96-well plate). Facs analysis of RAW-Blue^{\sim} cells following a 16 h incubation with (B) 10 µg/ml Poly(I:C) HMW and (C) 10 µg/ml Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine (100,000 cells/well of a 96-well plate).



TLR3 activation with Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine

Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine-induced TLR3 activation can be monitored using TLR3 reporter cell lines, such as HEK-Blue[™] hTLR3 cells. These cells are designed for studying the stimulation of hTLR3 by monitoring the activation of NF-KB. Stimulation with a TLR3 ligand activates NF-KB and AP-1 which induces the production of SEAP. Levels of SEAP can be easily determined with QUANTI-Blue[™] Solution (a detection medium that turns purple/blue in the presence of alkaline phosphatase).

1. Prepare a HEK-Blue" hTLR3 cell suspension (250,000 cells/ml) in DMEM with 10% (v/v) heat-inactivated fetal bovine serum.

2. In a 96-well plate, add 180 μl of the HEK-Blue" hTLR3 cell suspension per well.

3. Stimulate cells with 10 ng-10 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine for 6 to 24 h.

4. Determine Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine stimulation on TLR3 by assessing SEAP reporter expression using a SEAP detection medium, such as QUANTI-Blue[®] Solution or HEK-Blue[®] Detection.

A typical stimulation curve is given in figure 2.

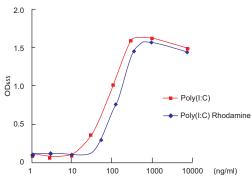


Figure 2. HEK-Blue[¬] hTLR3 cells were stimulated with increasing concentrations of Poly(I:C) HMW and Poly(I:C) HMW Rhodamine (50,000 cells/well of a 96-well plate). After 18h incubation, NF-kB-induced SEAP activity was assessed using QUANTI-Blue[¬] Solution.

RELATED PRODUCTS

Product	Description	Cat. Code
RAW-Blue" cells HEK-Blue" hTLR3 cells HEK-Blue" Detection QUANTI-Blue" Solution Poly(I:C) HMW Poly(I:C) HMW Fluorescein Poly(I:C) HMW Biotin Poly(A:U)	Macrophage reporter cells Human TLR3 reporter cells SEAP detection medium SEAP detection reagent TLR3 ligand Fluorescein labeled Poly(I:C) Biotin labeled Poly(I:C) TLR3 ligand	hkb-htlr3 hb-det2 rep-qbs tlrl-pic

