

pINFUSE-hIgG1-Fc2

Plasmid designed for the construction of Fc-Fusion proteins

Catalog # pfc2-hgin1

For research use only

Version 20K06-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Content:

- 20 µg of pINFUSE-hIgG1-Fc2 plasmid provided as lyophilized DNA.
- 1 ml of Zeocin™ (100 mg/ml)

Storage and Stability:

- Product is shipped at room temperature.
- Lyophilized DNA should be stored at -20°C and is stable 3 months.
- Resuspended DNA should be stored at -20°C and is stable up to 1 year.
- Store Zeocin™ at 4 °C or at -20 °C. The expiry date is specified on the product label.

Quality control:

- Plasmid construct has been confirmed by restriction analysis and sequencing.
- Plasmid DNA was purified by ion exchange chromatography and lyophilized.

GENERAL PRODUCT USE

pINFUSE-Fc is a family of plasmid developed to facilitate the construction of Fc-fusion proteins by fusing the effector region of a protein to the Fc region of an immunoglobulin G (IgG). pINFUSE-Fc plasmids yield high levels of Fc-fusion proteins. The level of expression is usually in the µg/mL range. They can be transfected in a variety of mammalian cells, including myeloma cell lines, CHO cells, monkey COS cells and human embryonic kidney (HEK)293 cells, cells that are commonly used in protein purification systems.

pINFUSE-Fc plasmids allow the secretion of Fc-Fusion proteins. As Fc-Fusion proteins are secreted, they can be easily detected in the supernatant of pINFUSE-Fc-transfected cells by SDS-PAGE. Furthermore, functional domains can be identified by immunoblotting and ligand blotting.

Fc-Fusion proteins can be easily purified by single-step protein A or protein G affinity chromatography.

InvivoGen provides pINFUSE-Fc vectors featuring Fc regions containing introns from different species and isotypes. In humans, there are four isotypes: IgG1, IgG2, IgG3 and IgG4. The Fc region mediates effector functions, such as antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) and complement-dependent cytotoxicity (CDC). IgG isoforms exert different levels of effector functions increasing in the order of IgG4<IgG2<IgG1≤IgG3.

PLASMID FEATURES

- **human genomic IgG1-Fc (with introns):** The Fc region comprises the CH2 and CH3 domains of the IgG heavy chain and the hinge region. The hinge serves as a flexible spacer between the two parts of the Fc-fusion protein, allowing each part of the molecule to function independently. A short intron is present between each region (one intron between the hinge and CH2 and one intron between CH2 and CH3). The presence of introns is known to enhance the level of gene expression as splicing is known to promote rapid and efficient mRNA export¹. Human IgG1 displays high ADCC and CDC, and is the most suitable for therapeutic use against pathogens and cancer cells.
- **hEF1-HTLV prom** is a composite promoter comprising the Elongation Factor-1α (EF-1α) core promoter² and the R segment and part of the U5 sequence (R-U5') of the Human T-Cell Leukemia Virus (HTLV) Type 1 Long Terminal Repeat³. The EF-1α promoter exhibits a strong activity and yields long lasting expression of a transgene *in vivo*. The R-U5' has been coupled to the EF-1α core promoter to enhance stability of RNA.
- **IL2 ss:** The IL2 signal sequence contains 20 amino acids and share common characteristics with signal peptides of other secretory proteins. The intracellular cleavage of the IL2 signal peptide occurs after Ser20 and leads to the secretion of the antigenic protein.
- **MCS:** The multiple cloning site contains several restriction sites that are compatible with many other enzymes, thus facilitating cloning.
- **SV40 pAn:** the Simian Virus 40 late polyadenylation signal enables efficient cleavage and polyadenylation reactions resulting in high levels of steady-state mRNA⁴.
- **ori:** a minimal *E. coli* origin of replication to limit vector size, but with the same activity as the longer Ori.
- **CMV enh / hFerL prom:** This composite promoter combines the human cytomegalovirus immediate-early gene 1 enhancer and the core promoter of the human ferritin light chain gene. This ubiquitous promoter drives the expression of the Zeocin™-resistance gene in mammalian cells.
- **EM2KC** is a bacterial promoter that enables the constitutive expression of the antibiotic resistance gene in *E. coli*. EM2KC is located within an intron and is spliced out in mammalian cells.
- **Zeo:** Resistance to Zeocin™ is conferred by the *Sh ble* gene from *Streptallotheichus hindustanus*. The same resistance gene confers selection in both mammalian cells and *E. coli*.
- **βGlo pAn:** The human beta-globin 3'UTR and polyadenylation sequence allows efficient arrest of the transgene transcription⁵.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

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METHODS

Plasmid resuspension

Quickly spin the tube containing the lyophilized plasmid to pellet the DNA. To obtain a plasmid solution at 1 µg/µl, resuspend the DNA in 20 µl of sterile H₂O. Store resuspended plasmid at -20 °C.

Plasmid amplification and cloning

Plasmid amplification and cloning can be performed in *E. coli* GT116 or in other commonly used laboratory *E. coli* strains, such as DH5α.

Zeocin™ usage

This antibiotic can be used for *E. coli* at 25 µg/ml in liquid or solid media and at 50-200 µg/ml to select Zeocin™-resistant mammalian cells.

References:

1. Nott A, et al. 2003. A quantitative analysis of intron effects on mammalian gene expression. RNA. 9(5):607-17.
2. Kim DW et al. 1990. Use of the human elongation factor 1 alpha promoter as a versatile and efficient expression system. 91(2):217-23.
3. Takebe Y, et al. 1988. SR alpha promoter: an efficient and versatile mammalian cDNA expression system composed of the simian virus 40 early promoter and the R-U5 segment of human T-cell leukemia virus type 1 long terminal repeat. Mol Cell Biol. 8(1):466-72.
4. Carswell S. & Alwine JC. 1989. Efficiency of utilization of the simian virus 40 late polyadenylation site: effects of upstream sequences. Mol Cell Biol. 9(10):4248-58.
5. Yu J. & Russell JE. 2001. Structural and functional analysis of an mRNP complex that mediates the high stability of human beta-globin mRNA. Mol Cell Biol. 21(17):5879-88.

RELATED PRODUCTS

Product	Catalog Code
Zeocin™	ant-zn-1

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

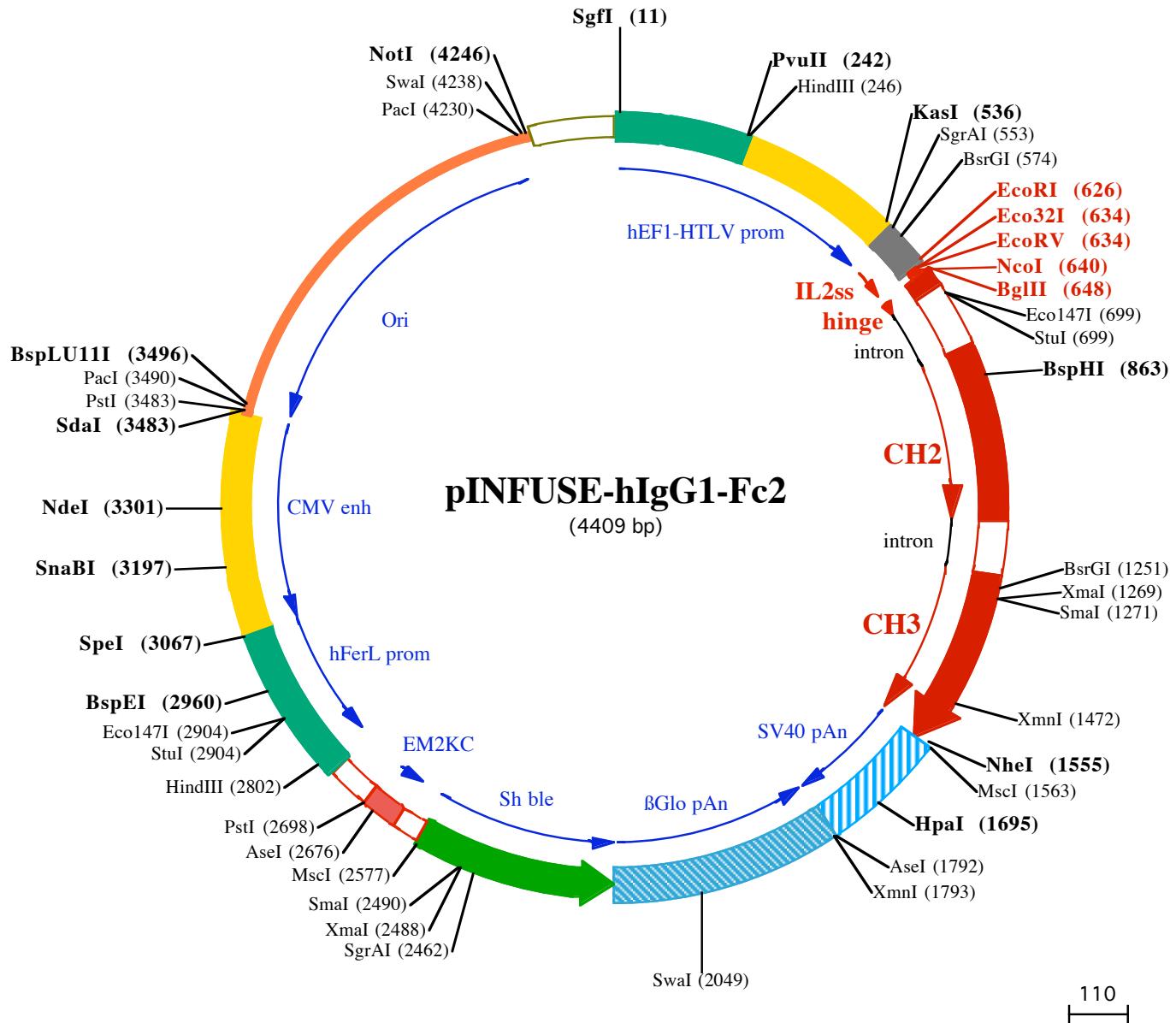
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SgfI (11)

1 GGATCTCGATCGTCCGGTCCCCGTCAAGTGGCAGAGCGCACATGCCACAGTCCCAGAAGTTGGGGGAGGGTCGGCAATTGAACGGTGCCTA

101 GAGAACGGTGGCGGGGTAAACTGGAAAGTGATTCGTACTGGCTCCGCTTTCCGAGGGTGGGGAGAACGTATAAGTCAGTAGTCGCC

HindIII (246)

PvuII (242)

201 GTGAACTTCTTTGCAACGGTTGCCAGAACACAGCTGAAGCTCGAGGGCTCGCATCTCCTCACGCCGCCCTACCTGAGGCC

301 GCCATCCACGCCGGTGAAGTCGCGTCTGCCCTCCGCTGTGGTGCCTCTGAACATCGCTCCGCCCTAGGTAAAGCTCAGTCGAGACC

401 GGGCCTTGTCCGGCTCCCTGGACCTACACTAGCTAGCCGGCTCTCACGCTTGCTGACCCCTGCTCAACTACGCTTTGTTCGTT

KasI (536)

501 TCTGTTCTCGCCGTTACAGATCCAAGCTGACCGCGCTACCTGAGATCaccggcGAAGGAGGGCACCAGTACAGGTGCAACTCCTGCTTGC

1► Met Tyr Arg Met Glu Leu Leu Ser Cys I

EcoRV (634)

Eco32I (634)

BglIII (648)

EcoRI (626)

NcoI (640)

601 TTGCACTAAGTCTGCACTTGTACGAATTGATCGATCGGATGGTAGATCTGACAAAACACATGCCACCGTCCAGtaaggccagccaggc

10► IleAlaLeuSer LeuAlaLeuVal ThrAsnSer 1► AspLysThr HisThr CysProProCysProA

701 ctcgcctccagctaaggccggacagggtccctagactgcatccaggacaggcccagccgggtctgacacgtccaccatctttcc

BspHI (863)

801 agCACCTGAACCTCTGGGGGACCGTCAAGTCTCTTCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCCCTCATGATCTCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGGT

—IaProGl uLeuLeuGlyGl ProSer ValPheLeuPheProProLysPheAspThrLeuMetIleSerArgThrProGl uValThrCysValVal

901 GTGGACGTGAGGCCAGAACCTCTGAGGTCAAGTCTGAACGGTACGGTACGGCTGGAGGTGCATAATGCCAGAACAGCCGGGGAGGAGCAGTACA

33► ValAspVal Ser HisGl uAspProGl uVal LysPheAsnTrpTyrValAspGl yVal Gl uVal HisAsnAl aLysThr LysProArgGl uGl uGl TyrA

1001 ACAGCACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCCACCGTCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTCTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGC

66► snSer Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val LeuThr Val LeuHisGl nAspTrpLeuAsnGl yLysGl uTyrLysCysLysValSerAsnLysAl aleuProAl

1101 CCCATCGAGAAACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGtggggaccctgtgggtcgagggcacatggacagaggccggctggccaccctctggccgtagagt

99► aProI IleGlyLysThr IleSer LysAl aLysG

BsrGI (1251) XmaI (1269)

SmaI (1271)

1201 gactgtgtaccaacctctgtccctacagGGCAGCCCCGAGAACACAGGTGTACACCCCTGCCCTACCCGGGTAGAGCTGACCAAGAACAGGTGAGC

—IyGl nProArgGl uProGl nValTyrThr LeuProSerArgAspGl uLeuThr LysAsnGl nValSer

1301 CTGACCTGCTGGTCAAAGGCTCTATCCAGCGACATGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCGTG

24► LeuThr CysLeuVal LysGlyPheTyrProSerAspI IleAlaValGl uTrpGl uSerAsnGl yGl nProGl uAsnAsnTyrLysThr ThrProProValI

XmnI (1472)

1401 TGGACTCCGACGGCTCTTCTCTACAGCAAGCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGGTGGCAGCAGGGAACTCTCATGCTCCGTATGATGCGTGGAGGC

57► euAspSerAspGl ySer PhePheLeuTyrSer LysLeuThr ValAspLysSerArgTrpGl nGl nGl yAsnVal PheSer CysSer ValMetHi sGl uAl

MscI (1563)

NheI (1555)

1501 TCTGCACAAACACTACAGCAGAACGCTCTCCGTCTCCGGTAATGAGTGTAGCTGCCAGACATGATAAGATACTTGTAGTTGGACAAA

90► aLeuHi sAsnHi sTyrThr Gl nLysSer LeuSer ProGl yLys***

HpaI (1695)

1601 CCACAACATAGCAGTAAAAAAATGCTTATTGTGAAATTGTGATCTATTGTTATTGTAACCATTATAAGCTGCAATAAACAGTTAACAA

AseI (1792)

XmnI (1793)

1701 CAACAATTGCATTCTTTATGTTCAAGGTTCAAGGGGGAGGTGGGGAGGTTTTAAAGCAAGTAAACCTCTACAAATGTTGATGGAATTAACTTA

1801 AAATACAGCATAGCAAAACTTAACTCCAATCAAGCCTACTTGAATCTTCTGAGGGATGAATAAGGCATAGGCATAGGGCTGTGCAAT

1901 TGCATTAGCTTTGCAGCCTCACCTCTTCATGGAGTTAAGATATAGTGTATTCTCAAGGTTGAACTAGCTCTCATTTCTTATGTTAAAT

SwI (2049)

2001 GCACTGACCTCCACATCCCTTTAGTAAATATTCAAGAAATAATTAAACATCATTGCAATGAAATAATGTTTTATTAGGCAGAATCCAGA

2101 TGCTCAAGGCCCTCATAATATCCCCAGTTAGTGTAGTGGACTTAGGAACAAAGGAACTTTAATAGAAATTGGACAGCAAGAACGAGCTCTAGC

2201 TTATCCTCAGTCTGCTCTCTGCCACAAAGTCAGCAGCTGGCCGGGGTGCAGGGCAACTCCGCCAACGGCTGCTCGCGATCTCGTC

125► ***AspGl nGl uGl uAl aVal PheHi sVal CysAsnGl yAl aProAspArgLeuAl aPheGl uArgGl yTrpProGl nGl yIleGluThrM

2301 ATGCCGGCCGGAGGGCTCCGGAAAGTCTGGACACGACCTCCGACACTCGGGTACAGCTCGCCAGGCCACACCCAGGCCAGGGTGT

93► etAlaProGl ySerAlaAspArgPheAsnThr SerValValGl uSerTrpGl uAl aTyrLeuGl uAspLeuGl yArgValTrpValAlaleuThrAs

XmaI (2488)

SmaI (2490)

2401 TGTCCGGACCACCTGGCTCTGGCCGCTGATGACAGGGTCAGCTCGTCCGGACACCCGGCAAGTCGTCCTCCAGAAGTCCGGAGAACCC

60► nAspProValValGl nAspGl nValAlaSerIlePheLeuThr ValAspAspArgValValGl yAl aPheAspAspGl uValPheAspArgSerPheGl y

MscI (2577)

2501 GAGCCGGTGGTCCAGAACCTGACCGCTCCGGCAGCTGGCGCGGGTGAGCACCGGAACGGCACTGGTCAACTTGGCCATGATGGCTCTCctgtcagg

27► LeuArgAspThr TrpPheGl uValAlaGlyAlaValAspArgAlaThrLeuValProValAlaSerThrLeuLysAlMet

AseI (2676)

PstI (2698)

2601 agaggaaagagaagaaggttagtacaattgtCTATAGTGAAGTTATTATACTATGCGAGATATACTATGCCAATGATTAATTGTCAAACTAGGGCTGCAgg

2701 gttcatagtgccactttcctgcactgccccatctctgcccacccttccaggcatagacagtcaactgacttacAACTCACAGGAGGGAGAAGGCA

HindIII (2802)

2801 GAAGCTTGAGACAGACCCGGGGACCGCCGAACCTGCGAGGGAGCTGGCTAGGGCGTTTTATGGTGCAGCCGCGCTGGAGGCAGGGCGCTCGGG

StuI (2904)

EcoI47I (2904)

BspEI (2960)

2901 GAGGCCTAGCGGCCATCTGGCTGGCAGGAGGGGGCGAAGGGCGTGCCTGACCATCGGAGCACATAGGAGTCTAGCCCCCCCCAAAGCAA

