

# pFUSEss-CHIg-hG4e1

Plasmid featuring a mutated constant region of the human IgG4 heavy chain and the IL2 signal sequence

Catalog # pfusess-hch4e1

## For research use only

Version # 16J03v40-JC

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

### Content:

- 20 µg of pFUSEss-CHIg-hG4e1 plasmid provided as lyophilized DNA.
- 4 pouches of *E. coli* Fast-Media® Zeo (2 TB and 2 Agar)

### Storage and Stability:

- Product is shipped at room temperature.
- Lyophilized DNA should be stored at -20°C and is stable 3 months.
- Resuspended DNA should be stored at -20°C and is stable up to 1 year.
- Store *E. coli* Fast-Media® Zeo at room temperature. Fast-Media® pouches are stable 18 months when stored properly.

### Quality control:

- Plasmid construct has been confirmed by restriction analysis and sequencing.
- Plasmid DNA was purified by ion exchange chromatography.

## Materials required for antibody generation & isotype switching

- pFUSE2ss-CL Ig plasmid that features the constant region of the kappa or lambda light chains. pFUSE2ss-CL Ig plasmids are selectable with blasticidin (sold separately, see RELATED PRODUCTS).
- pFUSEss-CH Ig plasmid for the constant region of the heavy chain, this plasmid is selectable with Zeocin™.

## GENERAL PRODUCT USE

pFUSE-CL Ig and pFUSE-CH Ig plasmids are designed to change a monoclonal antibody from one isotype to another, therefore, enabling the generation of antibodies with the same antigen affinity but with different effector functions (increased or reduced ADCC and CDC). Furthermore, they can be used to produce entire IgG antibodies from Fab or scFv fragments that are either chimeric, humanized or fully human depending on the nature of the variable region.

pFUSE-CH Ig and pFUSE2-CL Ig express the constant regions of the heavy (CH) and light (CL) chains, respectively. They contain a multiple cloning site (MCS) upstream of these constant regions to enable the cloning of the variable (VH and VL) regions of a given antibody. Transfection of mammalian cell lines with the recombinant pFUSE-CH Ig and pFUSE2-CL Ig pair allows to generate an IgG antibody that can be purified from the supernatant using the appropriate Protein A, Protein G or Protein L affinity chromatography.

## Features of pFUSEss-CH Ig and pFUSE2ss-CL Ig plasmids

- **hEF1-HTLV prom**: is a composite promoter comprising the Elongation Factor-1α (EF-1α) core promoter<sup>1</sup> and the R segment and part of the U5 sequence (R-U5') of the Human T-Cell Leukemia Virus (HTLV) Type 1 Long Terminal Repeat<sup>2</sup>. The EF-1α promoter exhibits a strong activity and yields long lasting expression of a transgene *in vivo*. The R-U5' has been coupled to the EF-1α core promoter to enhance stability of RNA.
- **MCS**: The multiple cloning site contains several restriction sites that are compatible with many other enzymes, thus facilitating cloning.
- **SV40 pAn**: the Simian Virus 40 late polyadenylation signal enables efficient cleavage and polyadenylation reactions resulting in high levels of steady-state mRNA<sup>3</sup>.
- **ori**: a minimal *E. coli* origin of replication to limit vector size, but with the same activity as the longer Ori.
- **CMV enh / hFerL prom**: This composite promoter combines the human cytomegalovirus immediate-early gene 1 enhancer and the core promoter of the human ferritin light chain gene. This ubiquitous promoter drives the expression of the Zeocin™-resistance gene in mammalian cells.
- **IL2 ss**: The human IL2 signal sequence contains 20 amino acids (MYRMQLLSCIALSLALVTNS) and share common characteristics with signal peptides of other secretory proteins. The intracellular cleavage of the IL2 signal peptide occurs after Ser20 and leads to the secretion of the immunoglobulin chain.
- **EM2KC** is a bacterial promoter that enables the constitutive expression of the antibiotic resistance gene in *E. coli*. EM2KC is located within an intron and is spliced out in mammalian cells.
- **βGlo pAn**: The human beta-globin 3'UTR and polyadenylation sequence allows efficient arrest of the transgene transcription<sup>4</sup>.

## pFUSEss-CH Ig-hG4e1 specific features

- **Human IgHG4e1 (Engineered IgG4 heavy chain constant region)**: IgHG4e1 contains the S228P mutation that reduces Fab-arm exchange<sup>5</sup>. When cloning your heavy chain variable region of choice in the MCS, care must be taken to insert the gene in-frame and to preserve the integrity of the heavy chain constant region.
- **Zeo**: Resistance to Zeocin™ is conferred by the *Sh ble* gene from *Streptallosteichus hindustanus*. The same resistance gene confers selection in both mammalian cells and *E. coli*.

**References:** 1. Kim DW. et al. 1990. Use of the human elongation factor 1 alpha promoter as a versatile and efficient expression system. 91(2):217-23. 2. Takebe Y. et al. 1988. SR alpha promoter: an efficient and versatile mammalian cDNA expression system. Mol Cell Biol. 8(1):466-72. 3. Carswell S. & Alwine JC. 1989. Efficiency of utilization of the SV40 late polyadenylation site: effects of upstream sequences. Mol Cell Biol. 9(10):4248-58. 4. Yu J. & Russell JE. 2001. Structural and functional analysis of an mRNP complex that mediates the high stability of human beta-globin mRNA. Mol Cell Biol. 21(17):5879-88. 5. Labrijn AF. et al., 2009. Therapeutic IgG4 antibodies engage in Fab- arm exchange with endogenous human IgG4 *in vivo*. Nat Biotechnol. 27(8):767-71.

## TECHNICAL SUPPORT

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## PROTOCOL

### Obtaining VH and VL sequences

The antibody sequence can be obtained by phage display or from an antibody producing hybridoma. To obtain the cDNA sequence of the VH and VL regions from an antibody producing hybridoma, total RNA or mRNA is extracted and reverse transcribed to cDNA. PCR is performed with 5' degenerate primers to anneal to the unknown VH and VL regions and the 3' primers designed to anneal to the "known" CH and CL regions. Alternatively 5' RACE can be used. The resulting amplicons must be sequenced.

### Plasmid resuspension

Quickly spin the tube containing the lyophilized plasmid to pellet the DNA. To obtain a plasmid solution at 1 µg/µl, resuspend the DNA in 20 µl of sterile H<sub>2</sub>O. Store resuspended plasmid at -20°C.

### Cloning into pFUSEss-CHIg and pFUSE2ss-CL Ig

Once the VH and VL sequence are known, inserts for cloning into the plasmids can be generated. In pFUSEss-CHIg-hG4e1, the constant region of the human IgG4 heavy chain is preceded by a multiple cloning site containing four restriction sites: EcoRI, EcoRV, XhoI and NheI. Using EcoRI as the 5' cloning site ensures that the cloned VH will follow the hIL2 signal sequence without unwanted additional amino-acids. In pFUSEss-CHIg-hG4e1, NheI must be used for insertion of the 3' end of the variable region. NheI must be reconstituted to maintain the integrity of the constant region. Therefore we recommend to introduce by PCR an NheI site at the 3' end of the variable region in frame with the constant region.

When generating the insert for VL, a BsiWI (pFUSE2ss-CL Ig-hK; human kappa), or AvrII (pFUSE2ss-CL Ig-hL2; human lambda 2) site must be introduced at the 3' end. There is a choice of restriction sites at the 5' end.

### Choice of strategies for the transfection

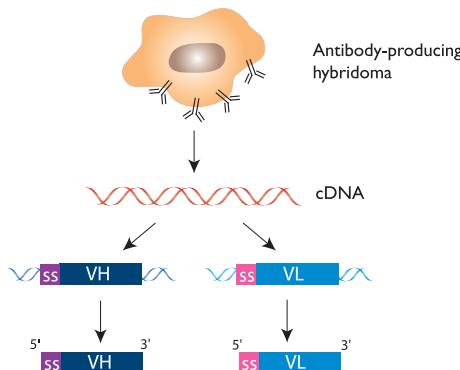
Transfect cells using a transfection agent, such as LyoVec™, with the plasmid coding for light chain and select the best clone. Following selection of the best clone, the plasmid coding for the heavy chain clone can be transfected into this clone.

OR

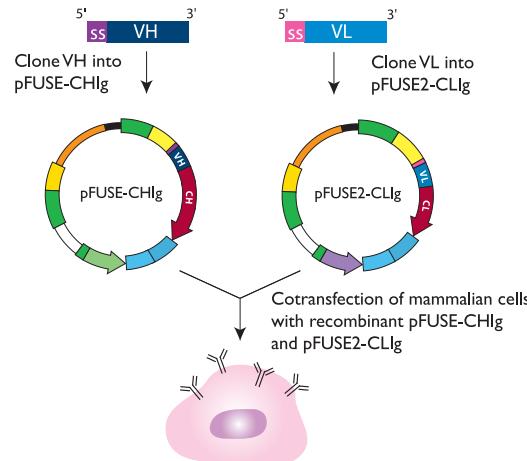
A cotransfection can be performed with the plasmid coding for the light chain and the plasmid coding for the heavy chain. Since the pFUSE2ss-CL Ig and pFUSEss-CHIg plasmids share the same plasmid backbone, the appropriate heavy chain to light chain ratio can be easily determined by varying the quantities of pFUSE2ss-CL Ig and pFUSEss-CHIg plasmids. We recommend using a ratio of 3:2 of pFUSE2ss-CL Ig:pFUSEss-CHIg plasmids. pFUSE2ss-CL Ig plasmids feature the constant region of the human lambda 2 light chain, or the human kappa light chain. pFUSE2ss-CL Ig plasmids are selectable with blasticidin. pFUSEss-CHIg plasmids are selectable with Zeocin™.

### Antibody generation using pFUSE-CHIg & pFUSE-CL Ig

#### I- Obtention of VH and VL sequences



#### 2- Cloning into pFUSE-CHIg and pFUSE-CL Ig



To check for production of your antibody after transfection, you may take an aliquot of growth medium and perform SDS-PAGE, protein-specific ELISA, or the bioactivity assay of choice to determine that your cells are producing your antibody of interest.

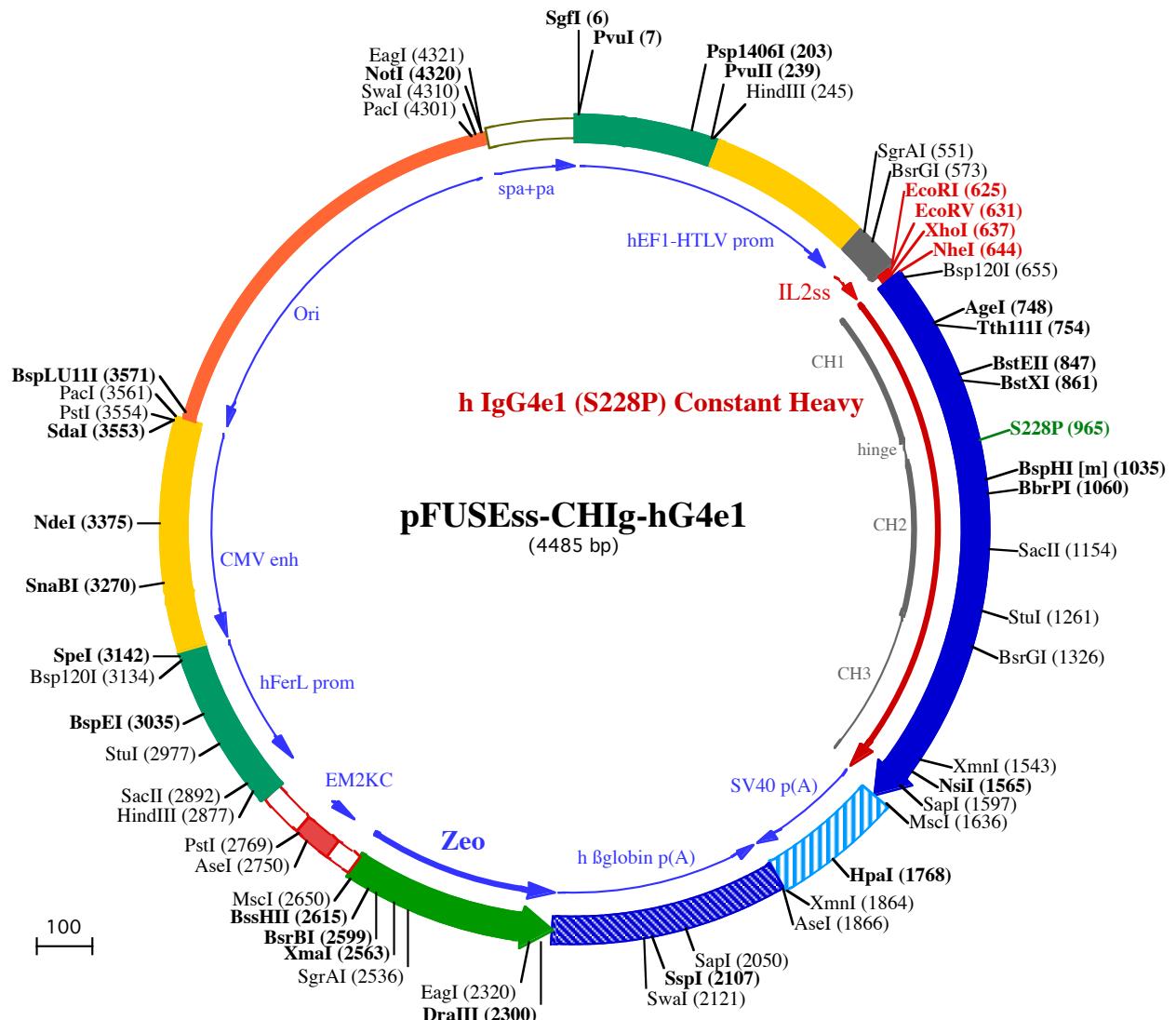
The resulting IgG antibody that can be purified from the supernatant using the appropriate Protein A, Protein G or Protein L affinity chromatography.

## RELATED PRODUCTS

Product	Catalog Code
pFUSE2ss-CL Ig-hK	pfuse2ss-hclk
pFUSE2ss-CL Ig-hL2	pfuse2ss-hcll2
pFUSEss-CHIg-hG1	pfusess-hchgl
pFUSEss-CHIg-hG2	pfusess-hchgl2
pFUSEss-CHIg-hG3	pfusess-hchgl3
LyoVec™	lyec-12
Protein L / Agarose	gel-protl-2
Protein G / Agarose	gel-agg-5
Zeocin™	ant-zn-1
Fast-Media® Zeo TB	fas-zn-l
Fast-Media® Zeo Agar	fas-zn-s

### TECHNICAL SUPPORT

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**PvuI (7)**  
**SgfI (6)**  
 1 GGATCTGCATCGCTCCGGTCCCCGTCACTGGGAGAGCGCACATGCCACAGTCCCAGAAGTTGGGGAGGGTCGGCAATTGAACGGTGCTA  
 101 GAGAAGGTGGCGCGGGTAAACTGGAAAGTGTGCTGTACTGGCTCCGCTTTCCGAGGGTGGGGAGAACGTATAAGTCAGTAGTCGC  


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HindIII (245)

**Psp1406I (203)**  
**PvuII (239)**  
 201 GTAACGTTCTTTCGCAACGGGTTGCCAGAACACAGCTGAAGCTCGAGGGCTCGATCTCTCCTCACGCGCCGCCCTACCTGAGGCC  
 301 GCCATCCACGCCGGTGGAGTCGCGTCTGCCGCCCTCCGGCTCTGAACCTCGCTCCAGCTGGCTCTAGGTAAAGCTCAGTCAGACC  
 401 GGGCTTGTCCGGCGTCCCTGGAGCCTACCTAGACTCAGCCGGCTCCACGCTTGCCTGACCCGCTCAACTCTACGTCTTGTTCGTT  


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SgrAI (551) BsrGI (573)

**EcoRV (631)**      **NheI (644)**  
**EcoRI (625)**      **XbaI (637)**      **Bsp120I (655)**  
 501 TCTGTTCTGCGCCGTTACAGATCCAAGCTGTGACCGGGCCTACCTGAGATCACCGCGAAGGAGGGCCACCATGTACAGGATGCAACTCCTGCTTGCA  
 10 P I A L S L A L V T N S      1 P A S T K G P S V F P L A P C S R S T S  


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Tth111I (754)

**AgeI (748)**  
 701 CGAGAGCACAGCCGCCCTGGCTGCCGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCAACCGGTGACGGTGTGGAACTCAGGCGCCCTGACAGCGGGTGCACACC  
 19 P E S T A A L G C L V K D Y F P E P V T V S W N S G A L T S G V H T  


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BstEII (847)      BstXI (861)

801 TTCCCGGCTGCTCCTACAGTCTCAGGACTCTACTCCCTCAGCAGCGTGGTACCGTGCCTCCAGCAGCTGGCACGAAGACCTACACCTGCAACGTAG  
 53 P F P A V L Q S S G L Y S L S S V V T V P S S S L G T K T Y T C N V  


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S228P (965)

901 ATACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAGAGTTGAGTCAAATATGGTCCCCATGCCACCATGCCAGCACCTGAGTTCTGGGGGACCATC  
 86 P D H K P S N T K V D K R V E S K Y G P P C P P C P A P E F L G G P S  


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BspHI [m] (1035)      BbrPI (1060)

1001 AGTCTTCTGTTCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACTCTCATGATCTCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACGTGCGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCAGGAAGACCCGAG  
 119 P V F L F P P K P K D T L M I S R T P E V T C V V V D V S Q E D P E  


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SacII (1154)

1101 GTCCAGTTCACTGGTACGGATGGCTGGAGGTGATAATGCCAAGAACAGCCGGGGAGGAGCAGTTAACAGCACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCC  
 153 P V Q F N W Y V D G V E V H N A K T K P R E E Q F N S T Y R V V S V  


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StuI (1261)

1201 TCACCGTCTGCACCAAGGACTGGCTGAACGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTCAAGGTCTCCAACAAAGGCCCTCCGCTCTCATGAGAAAACCATCTCAAAGC  
 186 P L T V L H Q D W L N G K E Y K C K V S N K G L P S S I E K T I S K A  


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BsrGI (1326)

1301 CAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAGCCACAGGTGACCCCTGCCCATCCAGGAGGAGTACCAAGGTCAGCTGACCTGCTGGTCAAAGGCTTC  
 219 P K G Q P R E P Q V Y T L P P S Q E E M T K N Q V S L T C L V K G F  


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1401 TACCCAGCGACATGCCGTGGAGTGGAGAGCAATGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCAACGCCCTCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCTTCTCC  
 253 P Y P S D I A V E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D S D G S F F

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XmnI (1543)      NsiI (1565)      Sapi (1597)

1501 TCTACAGCAGGCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGGAGGGAAATGTCTTCTCATGCTCGTATGATGAGGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACAGAA  
 286 P L Y S R L T V D K S R W Q E G N V F S C S V M H E A L H N H Y T Q K

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MscI (1636)

1601 GAGCCTCTCCCTGTCTCGGGTAAATGAGTCCTAGCTGGCCAGACATGATAAGATACTTGTGAGTTGGACAAACCAACTAGAATGAGTAAAAA  
 319 P S L S L S P G K •

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HpaI (1768)

1701 AATGCTTATTGTGAAATTGTGATGCTATTGCTTATTGTAACCATTAAAGCTGCAATAACAAAGTTAACACAACAATTGCAATTCTATTATGTT

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AseI (1866)  
XmnI (1864)

1801 TCAGGTTAGGGGAGGTGGAGGTTTAAAGCAAGTAAACCTCTACAAATGTGGTATGGAATTAACTAAACAGCATAGCAAAACTTAA

1901 CCTCCAAATCAAGCCTACTTGAATCCTTTCTGAGGGATGAATAAGGCATAGGCATCAGGGCTGTTCCAATGTGATTAGCTGTTGCAGGCCAC  
 2001 CTTCTTCATGGAGTTAAGATATAGTGTATTTCCAAGGTTGAAGTAGCTCTTCAATTCTTAAATGCACTGACCTCCACATTCCCTT  
 SapI (2050)  
 2101 TTAGTAAAATAATCAGAAATAATTAAATACATCATTGCAATGAAAATAATGTTTTATTAGGCAGAACATCCAGATGCTCAAGGCCCTCATATAATCC  
 2201 CCCAGTTAGTAGTGGACTAGGGAACAAAGGAACCTTAATAGAAATTGGACAGCAAGAAAGCGAGCTCTAGCTTATCCTCAGTCCTGCTCCTCTGC  
 125↑ • D Q E E A  
 DraIII (2300) EagI (2320)  
 2301 CACAAAGTGCACGCAGTTGCCGGCGGGTCGCGCAGGGGAACCTCCGCCCCACGGCTGCTGCCGATCTGGTATGCCGGCCGGAGGGCGTCCCG  
 119↓ V F H V C N G A P D R L A F E R G W P Q E G I E T M A P G S A D R  
 2401 AAGTCGTGGACACGACCTCCGACCCTCGCGTACAGCTCGTCCAGGCCGCGACCCACACCAGGCCAGGGTGTGTCGGCACCTGGTCTGG  
 85↓ F N T S V V E S W E A Y L E D L G R V W V W A L T N D P V V Q D Q V  
 SgrAI (2536) XmaI (2563) BsrBI (2599)  
 2501 CCGCGCTGATGAACAGGGTACGTCGTCGGGACACACCGCGAAGTCGTCCACGAAGTCCCAGGAGAACCCGAGCCGGTCCAGAACTCGAC  
 52↓ A S I F L T V D D R V V G A F D D E V F D R S F G L R D T W F E V  
 BssHII (2615) MscI (2650)  
 2601 CGCTCCGGCGACGTGCGCGCGTGAGCACCGGAACGGCACTGGTCAACTTGGCATGATGGCTCCTCtgcaggagagaaagagaaggtagta  
 19↓ A G A V D R A T L V P V A S T L K A M  
 Asel (2750) PstI (2769)  
 2701 caattgCTATAGTGAGTTGATTATACTATGCAAGATATACTATGCCAATGATTAATTGTCAAACTAGGGCTGCAgggttcatagtgccactttcctgca  
 ← HindIII (2877) SacII (2892)  
 2801 ctgccccatctcctgcccaccctttccaggcatagacagtcaagtactac  
 ← StuI (2977)  
 2901 CCGCGAACTGCGAGGGACGTGGCTAGGGCGTTCTTTATGGTGCAGGCCCTCGAGGCAGGGCGTCGGGAGGCTAGCGGCCATCTGGCGT  
 BspEI (3035)  
 3001 GGCAAGGAGGCAGGGCGAAGGCCGTGCCTGACCAATCCGAGCACATAGGAGTCTCAGCCCCCGCCCAAAGCAAGGGAAAGTCACGCCCTGAGCGC  
 SpeI (3142)  
 Bsp120I (3134)  
 3101 CAGCGTGTGAAATGGGGCTTGGGGGGTTGGGCCCTGACTAGTCAAACACAAACTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGACTTGGAAATCCCCGTG  
 ← SnabI (3270)  
 3201 AGTCAAACCGCTATCCACGCCATTGATGTAATGCCAAACCGCATCATCATGGTAATAGCGATGACTAATACGTAGATGACTGCCAAGTAGGAAAGTC  
 NdeI (3375)  
 3301 CCATAAGGTACTGGGATAATGCCAGGCGGGCATTACCGTCATTGACGTCAATAGGGCGTACTTGCATATGATACACTTGATGTACTGCC  
 3401 AAGTGGCAGTTACGTAAATACTCCACCCATTGACGTCAATGGAAAGTCCATTGGCGTTACTATGGAACATACGTATTGACGTCAATGGC  
 PacI (3561)  
 PstI (3554) SdaI (3553) BspLU11I (3571)  
 3501 GGGGTCGTTGGCGGTAGCCAGGCCATTACCGTAAGTTATGTAACGCCCTGAGGTTAATTAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAGGCCAGCAAAGGCC  
 3601 AGGAACCGTAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCTTTCCATAGGCTCCCTCGACGAGCATCACAAACATGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGTGGCGAAACCC  
 3701 CGACAGGACTATAAGATACCAGGCCTTCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTCGCTCTGTCCGACCTGCCGTTACCGGATACCTGTCGCTTCT  
 3801 CCCTCGGAAGCGTGGCTTCTCATAGCTACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTCGGTAGGTCTCGCTCAAGCTGGCTGTGACGAACCCCC  
 3901 GTTCAGCCCACCGCTGCCATTCCGTAACTATGCTTGAAGTCCAACCCGTAAGACACGACTTATGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGA  
 4001 TTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAAGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTGAAGTGGCTAACTACGGTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTGGTATCTGCCTCTGCT  
 4101 GAAGCCAGTTACCTCGAAAAAGAGTTGGTAGCTTGTACCGCAAAACACCACCGCTGGTAGCGTGGTTTTGTTGCAAGCAGCAGATTACG  
 4201 CGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTGATTTCTACGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAAACAAACTACGTTAAGGGATTGGTATGGCTA  
 ← EagI (4321)  
 PacI (4301) SwaI (4310) NotI (4320)  
 4301 GTTAATTAACATTAAATCAGCGGCCGATAAAATATCTTATTTCATTACATCTGTGTTGGTTTTGTGTAATGTAACACATACGCTCT  
 4401 CATCAAAACAAAAGAAACAAACAAACTAGCAAAATAGGCTGCCAGTGCAAGTGCAAGGTGCCAGAACATTCTATCGAA  
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