

pBOOST2-samIRF3

New DNA vaccine adjuvant of the pVAC plasmids expressing a super-activated IRF3 gene

Catalog # pbst2-samirf3

For research use only

Version 20K16-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Content:

- 20 µg of lyophilized pBOOST2-samIRF3 plasmid expressing a mouse super-activated IRF3 gene
- 1 ml of Zeocin™ (100 mg/ml)

Shipping and storage:

Products are shipped at room temperature. Lyophilized DNA is stable for 12 months when stored at -20°C. Resuspended DNA is stable for 12 months when stored at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Store Zeocin™ at 4 °C or at -20 °C. The expiry date is specified on the product label.

Quality control:

Plasmid construct has been confirmed by restriction analysis and sequencing.

Plasmid DNA was purified by ion exchange chromatography and lyophilized.

GENERAL PRODUCT USE

pBOOST2 plasmids were developed as genetic adjuvants for DNA vaccines to potentiate the immune response to a specific antigen. They feature different genes from the interferon regulatory factor family (IRF). IRFs are transcriptional activators for IFN- α , IFN- β and IFN-stimulated genes. In particular IRF-1, IRF-3 and IRF-7 act as direct transducers of virus-mediated signaling pathways activating IFN- α and IFN- β in infected cells. Recently, IRF-1, IRF-3 and IRF-7 were shown to be able to bias T cells towards type 1 or type 2 immune responses, leading to the activation of cytotoxic T cells and/or the production of antibodies.

The method of plasmid DNA vaccine delivery is known to bias the immune response to a specific antigen towards a type 1 (T-cell) or type 2 (antibody) response¹. These biases can be further enhanced by the codelivery of IRFs to increase the efficacy of the vaccination^{2,3}.

PLASMID FEATURES

- **Murine saIRF3** (super-activated interferon regulatory factor 3) IRF-3 primarily increases Th1 T-cell responses². A constitutively active form of IRF-3 was generated by creating a single point mutation of Ser³⁹⁶ to Asp. This super-activated IRF-3 presents a >10-fold enhanced transactivating potential over the wild-type IRF-3 for the IFN- α and IFN- β promoters⁴.
- **hEF1 / HTLV prom** is a composite promoter comprising the Elongation Factor-1 α (EF-1 α) core promoter⁵ and the R segment and part of the U5 sequence (R-U5') of the Human T-Cell Leukemia Virus (HTLV) Type 1 Long Terminal Repeat⁶. The EF-1 α promoter exhibits a strong activity and yields long lasting expression of a transgene *in vivo*. The R-U5' has been coupled to the EF-1 α core promoter to enhance stability of RNA.
- **SV40 pAn**: The Simian Virus 40 late polyadenylation signal enables efficient cleavage and polyadenylation reactions resulting in high levels of steady-state mRNA.
- **Ori** is a minimal *E. coli* origin of replication with the same activity as the longer Ori.

- **EM7** is a bacterial promoter that enables the constitutive expression of the antibiotic resistance gene in *E. coli*.

- **Sh- Δ CpG (Synthetic Zeocin® gene)**: The *Sh ble* gene from *Streptallocteichus hindustanus* encodes a small protein that confers resistance to Zeocin™ by binding to the antibiotic. To reduce the amount of CpG motifs that may skew the raised antigen-specific immune response, pBOOST2 contains a CpG-free allele of the *Zeo^R* gene. All CpGs from the wild-type gene (50) were removed by synthesizing a new allele that contains no CpGs but encodes the exact same protein sequence.

References:

1. Robinson HL., 1999. DNA vaccines: basic mechanism and immune responses (Review). *Int J Mol Med*. 4(5):549-55.
2. Sasaki S. *et al.*, 2002. Regulation of DNA-raised immune responses by cotransfected interferon regulatory factors. *J Virol*. 76(13):6652-9.
3. Bransom JL. *et al.*, 2003. Super-activated interferon-regulatory factors can enhance plasmid immunization. *Vaccine*. 21(13-14):1363-70.
4. Servant MJ. *et al.*, 2003. Identification of the minimal phosphoacceptor site required for *in vivo* activation of interferon regulatory factor 3 in response to virus and double-stranded RNA. *J Biol Chem*. 278(11):9441-7.
5. Kim, D.W. *et al.*, 1990. Use of the human elongation factor 1 alpha promoter as a versatile and efficient expression system. *Gene*. 2: 217-223.
6. Takebe, Y. *et al.*, 1988. R alpha promoter: an efficient and versatile mammalian cDNA expression system composed of the simian virus 40 early promoter and the R-U5 segment of human T-cell leukemia virus type 1 long terminal repeat. *Mol. Cell Biol*. 1: 466-472.

METHODS

Plasmid resuspension

Quickly spin the tube containing the lyophilized plasmid to pellet the DNA. To obtain a plasmid solution at 1 µg/µl, resuspend the DNA in 20 µl of sterile H₂O. Store resuspended plasmid at -20 °C.

Plasmid amplification and cloning

Plasmid amplification and cloning can be performed in *E. coli* GT116 or in other commonly used laboratory *E. coli* strains, such as DH5α.

Zeocin™ usage

This antibiotic can be used for *E. coli* at 25 µg/ml in liquid or solid media and at 50-200 µg/ml to select Zeocin™-resistant mammalian cells.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

InvivoGen USA (Toll-Free): 888-457-5873

InvivoGen USA (International): +1 (858) 457-5873

InvivoGen Europe: +33 (0) 5-62-71-69-39

InvivoGen Hong Kong: +852 3622-3480

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Intramuscular inoculation

Plasmid DNA solution

- Prepare the vaccine plasmid solution by resuspending 10 μ g of the vaccine plasmid DNA in 50 μ l saline solution.
- Prepare the pBOOST2 solution by mixing 10 μ g of pBOOST2-samIRF3 and 90 μ g of the mock plasmid pBOOST2-null in 50 μ l saline solution for low dose, or 100 μ g of pBOOST2-samIRF3 in 50 μ l saline solution for high dose.
- Combine both solutions to obtain a total of 110 μ g DNA in 100 μ l saline solution.

Note: The quantities are per mouse.

Intramuscular injections

- Inoculate 6 to 8-week old female BALB/c mice with 100 μ l plasmid DNA solution (described above) into the quadriceps at 0 and 4 weeks.
- Collect sera and analyze for antibodies at 8 weeks.

Note: For more information see the article by Sasaki S. et al.¹

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

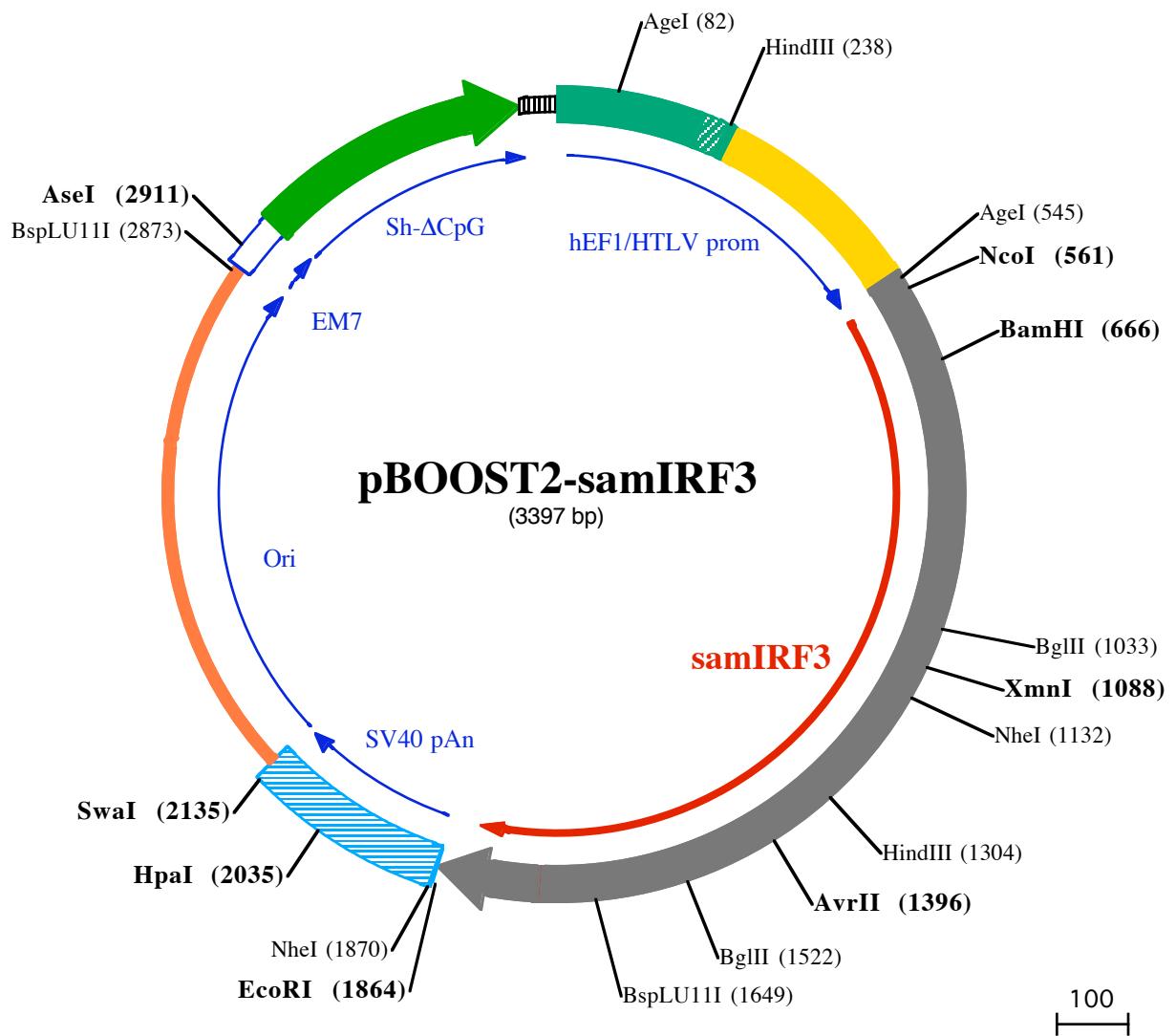
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AgeI (82)

1 CCTGCAGGGCCCCTAGTCAGGGCAGAGCGCACATGCCAACAGTCCCAGAAGTTGGGGGAGGGTCGGCAATTGAACCGGTGCCTAGAGAAAGGT
 101 GCGCGGGGTAACACTGGAAAGTGATGCGTGTACTGGCTCGCCTTCCGAGGGTGGGGAGAACGTATAAGTCAGTAGTCGCCTGAAACGT

HindIII (238)

201 TCTTTTCGCAACGGGTTGCCGCCAGAACACAGCTGAAGCTTCGAGGGGCTCGCATCTCCTCACCGCCCGCCCTACCTGAGGCCCATCCA

301 CGCCGGTTAGTCGCTCTGCCGCCCTGGCTCTGAACACTCGCTCCGCGTAGGTAAGTTAAAGCTCAGTCAGGCCGGCTTT

401 GTCCGGCGCTCCCTGGAGCCTACCTAGACTCAGCCGCTCTCACGCTTGCTGACCTGCTCAACTCTACGTCTTGTGTTCTGTTCT

AgeI (545) NcoI (561)

501 GCGCCGTTACAGATCCAAGCTGTGACCGGCCCTACCTGAGATCACCGTAGGAGGGCACCAGTGGAAACCCGAAACCGCGGATTTCGCTGGT
 → 1► Met Glu Thr ProLys ProArg IleLeuProTrpLeuVa

BamHI (666)

601 GTCACAGCTGGACTGGGCACTGGAAAGCGTGGCTGGCTGGACGAGAGCGAACGAGGTTCAAGGATCCCGTGGAAAGCATGGCTACGGCAGGACGCA
 13► I Ser Gl nLeuAspLeuGl yGl nLeuGl uGl yVal I aTrpLeuAspGl uSer ArgThr ArgPheArgI IeProTrpLysHi sGl yLeuArgGl nAspAl a
 701 CAGATGGCTGACTTGGCATCTCCAGGCTGGCAGAACGCCAGTGGCTACACCCCCGGGAAGGATAAGCCGAGCTGTCAACTGGAAAGAGAATT
 47► Gl nMetAl aAspPheGl yI I ePheGl nAl aTrpAl aGl uAl aSer Gl yAl aTyrThr ProGl yLysAspLysProAspVal Ser Thr TrpLysArgAsnP
 801 TCCGGTCAGGCCCTGAACCGGAAAGAAGTGTGCGGTTAGCTGACAATAGCAAGGACCTTATGACCCCTATAAAGTGTATGAGTTGTGACTCCAGG
 80► heArgSer Al aLeuAsnArgLysGl uVal LeuArgLeuAl aAl aAspAsnSer LysAspProTyrAspProHi sLysVal TyrGl uPheVal Thr ProGl
 901 GGGCGGGACTTCGATCTGGTGCCTCTCGACACCAATGGCAAAAGCAGCTGCCACTCCAGAAAACCTACCGAAGTTATTGATGGCTG
 113► yAl aArgAspPheVal Hi sLeuGl yAl aSer ProAspThrAsnGl yLysSer Ser LeuProHi sSer Gl nGl uAsnLeuProLysLeuPheAspGl yLeu

BgIII (1033)

1001 ATCTTGGGGCCCTCAAAGATGAGGGTCTCAGATCTGGCTATTGTTCTGATCCTCTCAACAACGCTGCAAGCCCCAATGTGAACAACTCTAAACC
 147► I I eLeuGl yProLeuLysAspGl uGl ySer SerAspLeuAl al I eVal SerAspProSer Gl nGl nLeuProSer ProAsnVal AsnAsnPheLeuAsnP

NheI (1132)

1101 CTGCACCCCAAGAAAATCCACTGAAGCAGCTGCTAGCTGAGGAACAAATGGGAGGTTGACCGCCTTCTACCGAGGCCAGGTCTTCAGCAGAC
 180► r oAl aProGl nGl uAsnProLeuLysGl nLeuLeuAl aGl uGl uGl nTrpGl uPheGl uVal ThrAl aPheTyrArgGl yArgGl nVal PheGl nGl nTh
 1201 ACTCTTTGCCCGGGGGCCCTGGGCTGGGGAGCACAGCTGACATGACACTGCCCTGGCAGCCAGTCACCCCTGCCGATCTGAGGGTTCTGACG
 213► r LeuPheCysProGl yGl yLeuArgLeuVal Gl ySer Thr Al aAspMetThr LeuProTrpGl nProVal Thr LeuProAspProGl uGl yPheLeuThr

HindIII (1304)

1301 GACAAGCTGTGAAGGAGTACGTGGGCAAGGTGCTCAAAGGGCTGGCAATGGGCTGGCACTGTGGCAGGCTGGCAGTGCCTCTGGGCCAGGCCCTAG
 247► AspLysLeuValLysGl uTyrValGl yGl nVal LeuLysGl yLeuGl yAsnGl yLeuAl aLeuTrpGl nAl aGl yGl nCysLeuTrpAl aGl nArgLeuG
 1401 GCCACTCCCACGCCCTCTGGGCTGGGGAGCTGCTCCAGACAGTGGCAGGGCTGATGGAGAGGTCCACAAGGACAAGGACGGAGCCGTGTT
 280► IyHi sSer Hi sAl aPheTrpAl aLeuGl yGl uGl uLeuLeuProAspSer Gl yArgGl yProAspGl yGl uVal Hi sLysAspLysAspGl yAl aVal Ph

BglII (1522)

1501 CGACCTCAGGCCCTCGGGCAGATCTGATTGCTTCTATGGAAGGAAGTGGACACTCCACGCTACACTCTGTTCTGCATGGGGAAATGTGGCC
 313► eAspLeuArgProPheValAl aAspLeuI I eAl aPheMetGl uGl ySer Gl yHi sSer ProArgTyrThr LeuTrpPheCysMetGl yGl uMetTrpPro

BspLU1II (1649)

1601 CAGGACCCAGCCGTGGTCAAGAGGCTTGTGATGGCAAGGGTCTACATGCTTAAGGAGCTGTTAGAGATGCCGGAAAGGGGGAGCCTTAC
 347► Gl nAspGl nProTrpVal LysArgLeuVal MetVal LysVal Val ProThr CysLeuLysGl uLeuLeuGl uMetAl aArgGl uGl yAl aSer Ser L
 1701 TGAAAACCGTGGACTTCGACATCGAACACGCCAGCTATCCCTACCTCTGACCAGTACAAGGCCACCTCCAGGACTTGGTGGAGGACATGGACTT
 380► euLysThr Val AspLeuHi sI I eAspAsnSer Gl nProI I eSer LeuThr SerAspGl nTyrLysAl aTyrLeuGl nAspLeuVal Gl uAspMetAspPh

NheI (1870)

EcoRI (1864)

1801 CCAGGCCACTGAAATATCTGAGCCCCACTCAGCTGCTACCAATAAGCAGTTATGCCAGAATTGCTAGCTGACATGATAAGATACTTGTGA
 413► eGl nAl aThr Gl yAsnI I e●●●
 1901 GTTTGGACAAACACAACTAGAATGCACTGAGAAAAATGTTATTGTGAAATTGTGATGCTATTGTTATTGTGAAATTGTGATGCTATTGCTT

HpaI (2035)

2001 TATTGTAACCATTATAAGCTCAATAAACAGTTAACACAATTGCTATTGCTATTGTTATTGTTATTGTTATTGTTATTGTTATTGTTATTGCTTAAAG

SwaI (2135)

2101 CAAGTAAACCTCTACAAATGTTGAGATCCATTAAATTAACTAGCCATGCCAAATCCCTAACGTGAGTTTCTGTTCACTGAGCGTCAG
 → 2201 ACCCGTAGAAAGATCAAAGGATCTTCTGAGATCCTTTCTGCGCTAATCTGCTGCTGCAAACAAAAACCCGCTACCGCGTGGTTG
 2301 TTTGCCGATCAAGAGCTACCAACTCTTCCGAAGGTAACTGGCTCAGCAGAGCAGATAACAAACTGTTCTAGTGTAGCCGTAGTTAGGC
 2401 CACCACTCAAGAACTCTGTAGCCGCTACATACCTCGCTGCTAACCTGTTACAGTGGCTGCGAGTCAGTGTGCTTACCGGT
 2501 TGGACTCAAGACGATAGTTACCGATAAGGCCAGCGTGGCTGAACGGGGGTTCTGACACAGCCAGCTGGAGCGAACGACCTACACCGAAC
 2601 GAGATACCTACAGCGTGAGCTATGAGAAAGGCCAGCTCCGAAGGGAGAAAGCGGACAGGTATCGTAAGCGCAGGGTCGAACAGGAGAGCGC
 2701 ACGAGGGAGCTTCAGGGGAAACGCTGGTATCTTATAGTCTGCGGTTGCCACCTGACTTGAGCGTCATTGTTGTGATGCTCGTCA
 2801 GGCGGAGCCTATGAAAAACGCCAGCAACGCCCTTTACGGTCTGGCTTTGCTGGCTTTCACATGTTCTATTAAATTTCAAAAG

BspLU1II (2873)

AseI (2911)

2901 TAGTTGACAATTAAATCATCGGCATAGTATCGGCATAGTATAATACGACTCACTATAGGAGGCCATCATGCCAAGTTGACCGATGCTGCTCCAGTGC
 → 1► MetAlaLysLeuThr SerAlaVal ProVal L
 3001 TCACAGCCAGGGATGGCTGGCTGGAGCTGGACTGACAGGTTGGGTTCTCAGAGATTGAGGATGACTTGGCAGGTGTTGAGA
 11► euThr Al aArgAspValAl aGl yAl aVal Gl uPheTrpThrAspArgLeuGl yPheSer ArgAspPheVal Gl uAspAspPheAl aGl yVal Val ArgAs

3101 TGATGTCACCTGTTCATCTCAGCAGTCCAGGACCAGGTGGTGCCTGACAACACCCCTGGCTTGGGTGAGAGGACTGGATGAGCTGTATGCTGAG
44▶pAspVal Thr LeuPheI IleSer Al aVal Gl nAspGl nVal Val ProAspAsnThr LeuAl aTrpVal TrpVal ArgGl yLeuAspGl uLeuTyrAl aGl u
3201 TGGAGTGAGGTGGTCTCACCAACTTCAGGGATGCCAGTGGCCCTGCCATGACAGAGATTGGAGAGCAGCCCTGGGGAGAGAGTTGCCCTGAGAGACC
78▶TrpSer Gl uVal Val Ser Thr AsnPheArgAspAl aSer GlyProAl aMetThr Gl uI IleGl yGl uGl nProTrpGlyArgGl uPheAl aLeuArgAspP
3301 CAGCAGGCAACTGTGTGCACTTGTGGCAGAGGAGCAGGACTGAGGATAAGAATTGTAACAAAAACCCCGCCCCGGCGGGGTTTTGTTAATTAA
111▶r oAl aGl yAsnCysVal HisPheVal Al aGl uGl uGl nAsp***