

pBOOST2-mcs

Negative control plasmid for pBOOST2 DNA vaccine adjuvant plasmids

Catalog # pbst2-mcs

For research use only

Version 20K16-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Content:

- 20 µg of lyophilized pBOOST2-mcs plasmid
- 1 ml of Zeocin™ (100 mg/ml)

Shipping and storage:

Products are shipped at room temperature.

Lyophilized DNA is stable for 12 months when stored at -20°C.

Resuspended DNA is stable for 6 months when stored at -20°C.

Store Zeocin™ at 4 °C or at -20 °C. The expiry date is specified on the product label.

Quality control:

Plasmid construct has been confirmed by restriction analysis and sequencing.

Plasmid DNA was purified by ion exchange chromatography and lyophilized.

GENERAL PRODUCT USE

pBOOST2 plasmids were developed as genetic adjuvants for DNA vaccines to potentiate the immune response to a specific antigen. They feature different genes from the interferon regulatory factor family (IRF). IRFs are transcriptional activators for IFN- α , IFN- β and IFN-stimulated genes. In particular IRF-1, IRF-3 and IRF-7 act as direct transducers of virus-mediated signaling pathways activating IFN- α and IFN- β in infected cells. Recently, IRF-1, IRF-3 and IRF-7 were shown to be able to bias T cells towards type 1 or type 2 immune responses, leading to the activation of cytotoxic T cells and/or the production of antibodies.

The method of plasmid DNA vaccine delivery is known to bias the immune response to a specific antigen towards a type 1 (T-cell) or type 2 (antibody) response¹. These biases can be further enhanced by the codelivery of IRFs to increase the efficacy of the vaccination^{2,3}.

PLASMID FEATURES

- **hEF1 / HTLV prom**: is a composite promoter comprising the Elongation Factor-1 α (EF-1 α) core promoter⁴ and the R segment and part of the U5 sequence (R-U5') of the Human T-Cell Leukemia Virus (HTLV) Type 1 Long Terminal Repeat⁵. The EF-1 α promoter exhibits a strong activity and yields long lasting expression of a transgene *in vivo*. The R-U5' has been coupled to the EF-1 α core promoter to enhance stability of RNA.
- **SV40 pAn**: The Simian Virus 40 late polyadenylation signal enables efficient cleavage and polyadenylation reactions resulting in high levels of steady-state mRNA.
- **Ori** is a minimal *E. coli* origin of replication with the same activity as the longer Ori.
- **EM7** is a bacterial promoter that enables the constitutive expression of the antibiotic resistance gene in *E. coli*.

- **Sh- Δ CpG (Synthetic Zeocin^r gene)**: The *Sh ble* gene from *Streptallotheichus hindustanus* encodes a small protein that confers resistance to Zeocin™ by binding to the antibiotic. To reduce the amount of CpG motifs that may skew the raised antigen-specific immune response, pBOOST2 contains a CpG-free allele of the Zeo^r gene. All CpGs from the wild-type gene (50) were removed by synthesizing a new allele that contains no CpGs but encodes the exact same protein sequence.

References:

1. Robinson HL., 1999. DNA vaccines: basic mechanism and immune responses (Review). *Int J Mol Med*. 4(5):549-55.
2. Sasaki S. *et al.*, 2002. Regulation of DNA-raised immune responses by cotransfected interferon regulatory factors. *J Virol*. 76(13):6652-9.
3. Bramson JL. *et al.*, 2003. Super-activated interferon-regulatory factors can enhance plasmid immunization. *Vaccine*. 21(13-14):1363-70.
4. Kim, D.W. *et al.*, 1990. Use of the human elongation factor 1 alpha promoter as a versatile and efficient expression system. *Gene*. 2: 217-223.
5. Takebe, Y. *et al.*, 1988. R alpha promoter: an efficient and versatile mammalian cDNA expression system composed of the simian virus 40 early promoter and the R-U5 segment of human T-cell leukemia virus type 1 long terminal repeat. *Mol. Cell Biol*. 1: 466-472.

METHODS

Plasmid resuspension

Quickly spin the tube containing the lyophilized plasmid to pellet the DNA. To obtain a plasmid solution at 1 µg/µl, resuspend the DNA in 20 µl of sterile H₂O. Store resuspended plasmid at -20 °C.

Plasmid amplification and cloning

Plasmid amplification and cloning can be performed in *E. coli* GT116 or in other commonly used laboratory *E. coli* strains, such as DH5 α .

Zeocin™ usage

This antibiotic can be used for *E. coli* at 25 µg/ml in liquid or solid media and at 50-200 µg/ml to select Zeocin™-resistant mammalian cells.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

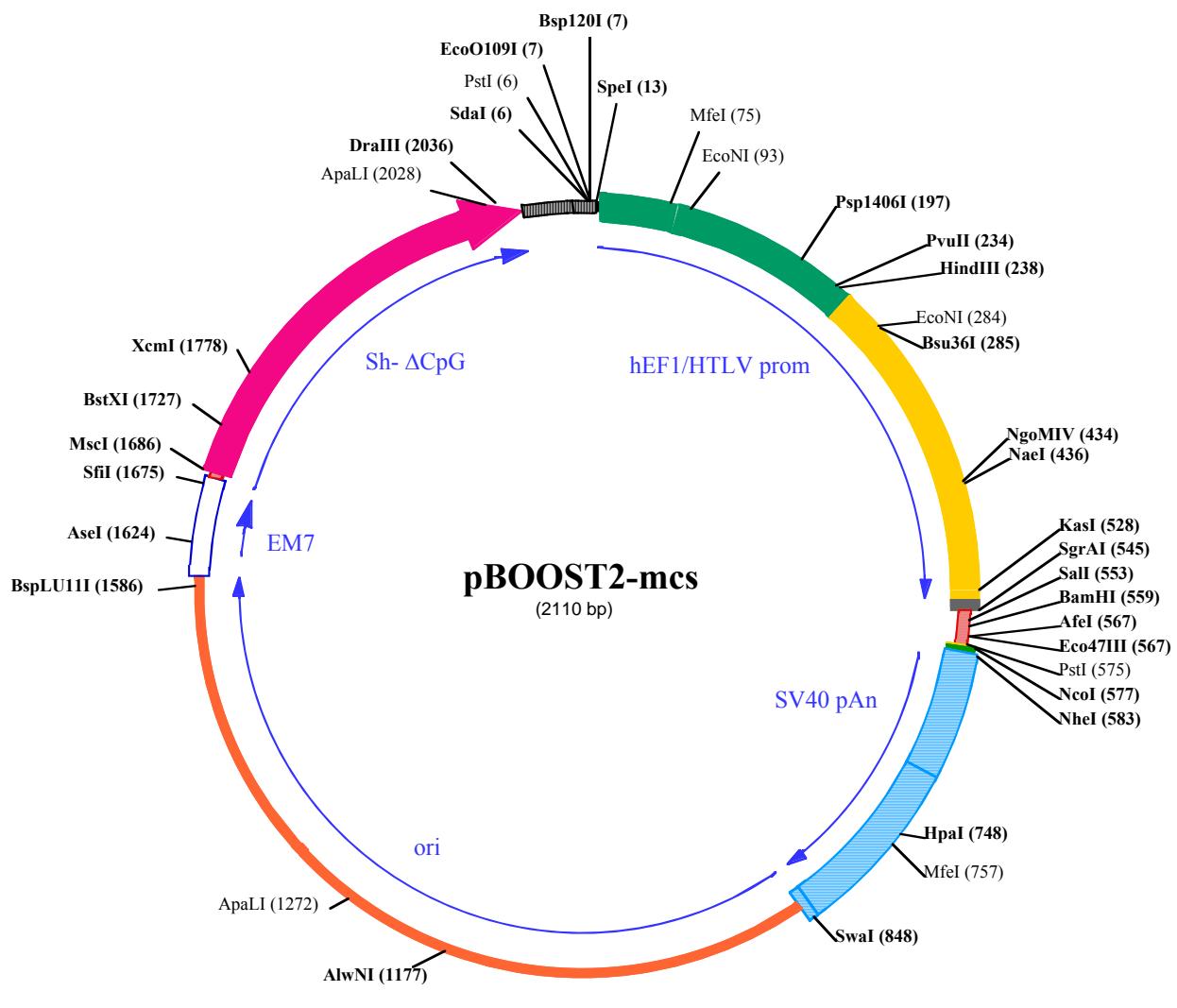
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 InvivoGen

Bsp120I (7)
EcoO109I (7)

PstI (6) SdaI (6) SpeI (13)

1 CCTGCAGGGCCCCTA **GTCAGTGGCAGAGCGCACATGCCACAGTCCCCGAGAAGTTGGGGGAGGGTGGGAACCGTATAAAGTCAGTAGTCGCCGTGAAACGT**

Psp1406I

101 **GGCGGGGTAACGGAAAGTGATGTCGTACTGGCTCCGCTTTCCGAGGGTGGGGAGAACGTATAAAGTCAGTAGTCGCCGTGAAACGT**

HindIII (238) **Bsu36I (285)**

PvuII (234) **EcoNI (284)**

201 TCTTTTCGCAACGGTTGCCGCCAGAACACAGCTGAAGCTTCGAGGGCTCGCATCTCCCTCACGCCGCCCTACCTGAGGCCGCATCCA

NgoMIV (434) **BsU36I (285)**

NaeI (436)

301 CGCCGGTTGAGTCGCGTTCTGCCGCCCTCCGCTGTGGTCCCTCTGAACCTCGTCCGCCGTAGGTAAGTTAAAGCTCAGGTCGAGACCGGCCCTT

Eco47III (567)

KasI (528) **SgrAI (545)** **BamHI (559)** **PstI (575)** **NheI (583)** **AfeI (567)** **NeoI (577)**

401 GTCCGGCGCTCCCTGGAGCCTACCTAGACTCAGCCGCTCTCCACGCTTGCCTGACCTGCTCAACTCTACGTCCTTGTGTTCTGTCT

HpaI (748) **MfeI (757)**

701 GATGCTATTGCTTATTGTAACCATTAAAGCTGCAATAACAAGTTAACAAACAATTGCAATTGATTATGTTGAAATTGTGATGCTATTGCTTATTGAAATTGTA

SwaI (848)

801 AGGTTTTAAAGCAAGTAAAACCTACAAATGTGGTAGATCCAATTAAATGTTAAACTAGCCATGACAAAATCCCTAACGTGAGTTTCGTT

901 CACTGAGCGTCAGACCCCGTAGAAAGATCAAAGGATCTTCTGAGATCCTTTCTGCGCTAACCTGCTGCTGCAAACAAAAACCCACCGCTAC

1001 CAGCGGTGGTTGGCGGATCAAGAGCTACCAACTTTCCGAGGTAACTGGCTTCAGCAGAGCGCAGATACCAAAACTGTTCTAGTGTAA

AlwNI (1177)

1101 GCGCTAGTTAGGCCACCTCAAGAACTCTGAGCACCGCCTACATACCTCGCTGCTAATCCTGTTACCAAGTGGCTGCTGCCAGTGGCGATAAGTCG

ApaLI (1272)

1201 TGTCTTACCGGGTGGACTCAAGACGATAGTTACCGATAAGCGCAGCGCTGGCTGAACGGGGGGTCTGACACAGCCAGCTGGAGCGAACGA

1301 CCTACACCGAAGTACCTACACGCTGAGCTATGAGAAAGGCCACGCTCCGAAGGGAAAGGCCACAGGTACCGTAAGCGCAGGGTCCG

1401 AACAGGAGAGCGCACAGGGAGCTTCCAGGGGAAACGCCCTGGTATCTTATAGTCCTGCGGTTGCCACCTCTGACTTGAGCGTCGATTTGTGA

BspLU1II (1586)

1501 TGCTCGCAGGGGGCGGAGCCTATGGAAAACGCCAGCAACGCCCTTTACGGCTCTGGCTTGTGCTGCCCTTGCTCACATGTCCTAATTAA

MscI (1686)

AseI (1624) **SfiI (1675)**

1601 AATTTCAAAAGTAGTTGACAATTACATCGCATAGTATATCGCATAGTATAATACGACTCACTATAGGAGGCCATCAGGCCAGTTGACAGT

BstXI (1727) **XcmI (1778)**

1701 GCTGCCCCAGTGCACAGCCAGGGATGTGGCTGGAGCTGGACTGACAGGTTGGGTTCTCCAGAGATTGTTGAGGATGACTTGCAG

1801 7▶ A P V P L T A D V A G A V E F W T D R L G F S R D F V E D D F A

1901 40▶ G V V R D D V T L F I S A V Q D Q V V P D N T L A W V V W R G L D E

1901 73▶ GCTGATGCTGAGTGGAGTGGCTCCACCAACTCAGGGATGCCAGTGGCCCTGCCATGACAGAGATTGGAGAGCAGCCCTGGGGAGAGAGTT

DraIII (2036)

ApaLI (2028)

2001 GCCCTGAGAGACCCAGCAGGCAACTGTGCACTTGTGGCAGAGGAGCAGGACTGAGGATAAGAATTGTAACAAAAACCCGCCGGCGGGTTTT

107▶ A L R D P A G N C V H F V A E E Q D •

2101 TGTTAATTAA