LPS-B5 Ultrapure

Ultrapure preparation of lipopolysaccharide from E. coli 055:B5; TLR4 ligand

Catalog code: tlrl-pb5lps https://www.invivogen.com/lps-b5

For research use only

Version 23F20-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Contents

- 5 mg LPS-B5 Ultrapure (lipopolysaccharide from *E. coli* serotype O55:K59(B5)H⁻)

Source strain: ATCC 12014; CDC 5624-50 [NCTC 9701]

- 1.5 ml endotoxin-free water

Storage and stability

- LPS-B5 Ultrapure is shipped at room temperature. Upon receipt, store product at -20 °C.
- Resuspended LPS-B5 Ultrapure may be stored for 1 month at $4\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ or for 6 months when aliquoted and stored at -20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Quality control

- Activation of TLR4 has been confirmed using HEK-Blue™ TLR4 cells.
- The absence of other bacterial components (e.g. lipoproteins) has been confirmed using HEK-Blue $^{\rm TM}$ TLR2 cells.

DESCRIPTION

LPS-B5 Ultrapure is an ultrapure preparation of lipopolysaccharide (LPS) from the Gram-negative bacteria *E. coli* 055:B5. It is extracted by successive enzymatic hydrolysis steps and purified by the previously described phenol-TEA-DOC extraction protocol¹. This process removes contaminating lipoproteins, and therefore LPS-B5 Ultrapure only activates TLR4.

LPS-B5 is a preparation of smooth (s)-form LPS from $\it E.~coli~055:B5$. It is the prototypical endotoxin and is often used as an endotoxin standard in Limulus amebocyte lysate (LAL) assays. LPS is the principal component of Gram-negative bacteria that activates the innate immune system through its recognition by Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4). This leads to a signaling cascade that ultimately results in the activation of NF- κ B and the production of proinflammatory cytokines⁴.

1. Hirschfeld M. et al., 2000. Cutting edge: repurification of lipopolysaccharide eliminates signaling through both human and murine toll-like receptor 2. J Immunol. 165(2):618-22.2. Dogan M. et al., 2000. Effects of different serotypes of Escherichia coli lipopolysaccharides on body temperature in rats. Life Sci. 67(19):2319-29.. 3. Kuzmich, N.N. et al., 2017. TLR4 Signaling Pathway Modulators as Potential Therapeutics in Inflammation and Sepsis. Vaccines (Basel) 5(4):34.

PRODUCT PROPERTIES

Species: Escherichia coli Specificity: TLR4

Working concentration: 100 pg-1 µg/ml

Solubility: 5 mg/ml in water

METHODS

Preparation of stock solution (5 mg/ml)

- 1. Add 1 ml of endotoxin-free water (provided).
- 2. Vortex until completely dissolved.

TLR4 activation using LPS-B5 Ultrapure

LPS-B5 Ultrapure can be used to activate TLR4 in HEK-Blue™ TLR4 cells, that were designed to study TLR4 stimulation by monitoring NF-κB activation. Stimulation of HEK-Blue™ TLR4 cells with a TLR4 agonist activates NF-κB which induces the production of SEAP (secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase). Levels of SEAP can be easily determined using HEK-Blue™ Detection, a cell culture medium that allows the detection of SEAP as the reporter protein is secreted by the cells.

For more information visit: https://www.invivogen.com/hek-blue-htlr4.

- 1. Add 20 μl of LPS-B5 Ultrapure at 100 pg-1 $\mu g/ml$ in a well of a 96-well plate.
- 2. Prepare a cell suspension ~140,000 cells per ml in HEK-BlueTM Detection.
- 3. Add $180 \,\mu$ l of the cell suspension (~25,000 cells) to each LPS-EB-Ultrapure-containing well.
- 4. Incubate the plate for 6-24 h at 37°C, 5% CO₂.
- 5. Determine SEAP levels using a spectrophotometer at 620-655 nm.

RELATED PRODUCTS

Product	Description	Cat. Code
HEK-Blue™ Detection HEK-Blue™ hTLR4 Cells HEK-Blue™ mTLR4 Cells LPS-SM Ultrapure MPI A-SM*	SEAP Detection reagent Human TLR4 reporter cells Murine TLR4 reporter cells LPS from <i>S. minnesota</i> MPLA from <i>S. minnesota</i>	hb-det2 hkb-htlr4 hkb-mtlr4 tlrl-smlps tlrl-mpla2
MPLAs	Synthetic MPLA	tlrl-mpls



InvivoGen Asia: +852 3622-3480 E-mail: info@invivogen.com