Imiquimod (R837)

Imidazoquinoline compound; TLR7 ligand

Catalog codes: tlrl-imqs-1, tlrl-imq-10 https://www.invivogen.com/imiquimod

For research use only

Version 23L14-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Contents

- Imiquimod (R837) is available in two quantities:
- 2 x 500 μg Imiquimod: tlrl-imqs-1
- 2 x 5 mg Imiquimod: tlrl-imq-10
- Sterile endotoxin-free water; 1.5 ml with #tlrl-imqs-1 and 10 ml with #tlrl-imq-10.

Storage and stability

- Imiquimod is provided lyophilized and shipped at room temperature. Upon receipt, store at $-20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- Upon resuspension, prepare ailquots of Imiquimod and store at -20 °C for long term storage. Resuspended product is stable for 6 months at -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Quality control

- Purity: ≥95% (UHPLC)
- TLR7 activity has been confirmed using HEK-Blue™ TLR7 cells.
- The absence TLR8 activity has been confirmed using HEK-Blue™ TLR8 cells.
- The absence of bacterial contamination (e.g. lipoproteins and endotoxins) has been confirmed using HEK-Blue™ TLR2 and HEK-Blue™ TLR4 cells.

DESCRIPTION

Ilmiquimod (also known as R837), an imidazoquinoline amine analogue to guanosine, is an immune response modifier with potent indirect antiviral activity. The antiviral activity of imiquimod was first shown in guinea pigs infected with herpes simplex virus 1 . Imiquimod is now an approved treatment for external genital warts caused by human papillomavirus infection. This low molecular synthetic molecule induces the production of cytokines such as IFN- α . Unlike R848, Imiquimod activates only TLR7 but not TLR8 2 . This activation is MyD88-dependent and leads to the induction of the transcription factor NF- κ B 3 .

1. Miller RL. et al., 1999. Imiquimod applied topically: a novel immune response modifier and new class of drug. Int J Immunopharmacol. 21(1):1-14. 2. Lee J. et al., 2003. Molecular basis for the immunostimulatory activity of guanine nucleoside analogs: Activation of Toll-like receptor 7. PNAS 100(11):6646-51. 3. Hemmi, H. et al., 2002. Small anti-viral compounds activate immune cells via the TLR7 MyD88-dependent signaling pathway. Nat Immunol. 3(2):196-200.

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

CAS number: 99011-78-6 Formula: C₁₄H₁₆N₄• HCl Molecular weight: 276.8 g/mol Solubility: 1 mg/ml in water

Structure:

METHODS

Preparation of a stock solution (1 mg/ml)

Stimulation of TLR7 can be achieved with 1-5 µg/ml Imiquimod.

- Add 500 µl endotoxin-free water to 500 µg of Imiquimod and vortex until completely dissolved.
- Add 5 ml endotoxin-free water to 5 mg of Imiquimod and vortex until completely dissolved.

TLR7 stimulation with Imiquimod

Imiquimod can be used to stimulate TLR7 in HEK-BlueTM TLR7 cells. These cells stably express an NF- κ B-inducible secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase (SEAP) and overexpress the human or murine TLR7 gene. For more information please visit: https://www.invivogen.com/hek-blue-tlr7.

- 1. Stimulate HEK-Blue™ TLR7 with 1-5 µg/ml Imiquimod.
- 2. Incubate for 6-24 h at 37 °C, 5% CO_2 .
- 3. Determine TLR stimulation using a SEAP detection medium, such as QUANTI-Blue $^{\mathsf{M}}$ Solution or HEK-Blue $^{\mathsf{M}}$ Detection or by assessing cytokine expression using an ELISA.

RELATED PRODUCTS

Product	Description	Cat. Code
R848 (Resiquimod HEK-Blue™ hTLR7 HEK-Blue™ mTLR HEK-Blue™ Detec QUANTI-Blue™ Sc	7 cells Human TLR7 reporter 7 cells Murine TLR7 reporter ttion SEAP detection mediur	cells hkb-mtlr7 n hb-det2



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