HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 Cells
SEAP Reporter 293 cells expressing the human TLR8 gene
Catalog code: hkb-htrl8
https://www.invivogen.com/hek-blue-htrl8
For research use only
Version 23B17-AK

PRODUCT INFORMATION
Contents and storage
- 3-7 x 10⁶ cells HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 Cells in a cryovial or shipping flask
  IMPORTANT: If cells provided in a cryovial are not frozen upon arrival, contact InvivoGen immediately.
- 1 ml of Blasticidin (10 mg/ml). Store at 4°C or at -20°C.*
- 1 ml of Zeocin® (100 mg/ml). Store at 4°C or at -20°C.*
- 1 ml of Normocin™ (50 mg/ml), a formulation of three antibiotics active against mycoplasmas, bacteria and fungi. Store at -20°C.*
  *The expiry date is specified on the product label.
- 1 pouch of HEK-Blue™ Detection, a cell culture medium (50 ml) for real-time detection of SEAP. Store pouch at 4°C for 6 months. Reconstituted HEK-Blue™ Detection is stable for 2 weeks at 4°C. Protect from light.

Handling Frozen Cells Upon Arrival
Cells must be thawed immediately upon receipt and grown according to handling procedures (as described on the next page) to ensure the best cell viability and proper assay performance.
Note: Avoid freezing cells upon receipt as it may result in irreversible damage to the cell line.
Disclaimer: We cannot guarantee cell viability if the cells are not thawed immediately upon receipt and grown according to handling procedures.
IMPORTANT: For cells that arrive in a shipping flask please refer to the enclosed ‘cell recovery procedure’.

Cell Line Stability
Cells will undergo genotypic changes resulting in reduced responsiveness over time in normal cell culture conditions. Genetic instability is a biological phenomenon that occurs in all stably transfected cells. Therefore, it is critical to prepare an adequate number of frozen stocks at early passages. HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 cells should not be passaged more than 20 times to remain fully functional.

Quality control
- The expression of the hTLR8 gene has been confirmed by RT-PCR.
- SEAP reporter activity in response to TLR8 agonists and various other TLR agonists has been validated using functional assays.
- The stability for 20 passages following thawing has been verified.
- These cells are guaranteed mycoplasma-free.

USE RESTRICTIONS
These cells are distributed for research purposes only.
This product is covered by a Limited Use License. By use of this product, the buyer agrees the terms and conditions of all applicable Limited Use Label Licenses. For non-research use, such as screening, quality control or clinical development, contact info@invivogen.com.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION
HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 cells are designed for studying the human TLR8 (hTLR8) signaling by monitoring the activation of NF-κB/AP1.

These cells are derived from the human embryonic kidney HEK293 cell line. They express the hTLR8 gene, and a secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase (SEAP) reporter gene. Levels of SEAP produced upon TLR8 activation can be easily determined in real-time with HEK-Blue™ Detection cell culture medium. HEK-Blue™ Detection offers a one-step colorimetric monitoring of SEAP levels. Alternatively, SEAP activity can be assessed using the alkaline phosphatase detection reagent QUANTI-Blue™ Solution, which allows the same cell cultures to be repeatedly sampled for kinetic studies or further experimentation.
For more information, visit https://www.invivogen.com/quant-blue.

HEK293 cells express endogenous levels of TLR3, TLR5 and NOD1.
Note: The parental cell line for HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 cells is HEK-Blue™ Null1 cells (SEAP reporter cells which do not express hTLR8).

BACKGROUND
TLR8, TLR7 and TLR9 belong to an endosomal TLR subfamily. TLR8 is highly expressed by myeloid cells and is absent from plasmacytoid dendritic cells and B cells. TLR8 activation leads to NF-κB/AP1- and IRF-mediated production of type I IFNs (IFN-α/β) and pro-inflammatory cytokines. TLR8 activation upon viral infections triggers the production of IL-1β and IL-12, which are TH17- and TH1-skewing cytokines, respectively. Regarding bacterial infections, TLR8 has been pointed out as the ‘best-fit’ sensor for bacterial RNA in myeloid cells1. There is converging evidence for TLR8 to be the missing link between empirical use of live attenuated microbes in vaccines and the known necessity for TH17- and TH1-driven humoral immunity to reach superior vaccine efficiencies4. Structural analyses have revealed that TLR8 possesses two binding sites with distinct specificities. Site 1 binds uridine or synthetic base analogs such as R848 (Resiquimod). Site 2 binds ssRNA with uridine (U) and guanosine (G) motifs. Both uridine and U(G) ssRNA appear to arise from RNA-degradation5. Of note, Site 1 occupancy allows the receptor dimerization, and signaling with ad hoc ligand concentration, ssRNA-binding to Site 2 is not sufficient for the formation of a signaling competent TLR dimer but it strongly enhances the binding affinity of Site 1. Efforts are actively ongoing to develop more potent, specific and less toxic molecules than synthetic base analogs for vaccine adjuvanta.

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Biosafety Level 2

HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 cells were derived from HEK293 cells (transformed with adenovirus 5 DNA) that require Biosafety Level 2 according to the American Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidelines. The biosafety level may vary depending on the country. For example, in Germany HEK293 cell lines are designated Biosafety Level 1 according to the Central Committee of Biological Safety, Zentrale Kommission für die Biologische Sicherheit (ZKBS). Please check with your country’s regulatory authority regarding the use of these cells.

HANDLING PROCEDURES

Required Cell Culture Medium

- **Growth Medium:** DMEM, 4.5 g/l glucose, 10% (v/v) fetal bovine serum (FBS), 100 U/ml penicillin, 100 µg/ml streptomycin, 100 µg/ml Normocin®, 2 mM L-glutamine.
- **Freezing Medium:** DMEM, 20% (v/v) FBS, 10% (v/v) DMSO

Required Selective Antibiotic(s)

- Blasticidin and Zeocin®

Initial Culture Procedure

The first propagation of cells should be for generating stocks for future use. This ensures the stability and performance of the cells for subsequent experiments.

1. Thaw the via by gentle agitation in a 37 °C water bath. To reduce the possibility of contamination, keep the O-ring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid.
2. Resuspend cells at a density of 5-7 x 10⁶ cells/ml in freezing medium freshly prepared with cold growth medium. Do not add selective antibiotics until the cells have been passaged twice.
3. Centrifuge vial at 300 x g (RCF) for 5 minutes.
4. Place vials in a freezing container and store at -80°C overnight.
5. Remove supernatant containing the cryoprotective agent and discard.
6. Transfer the vial contents to a 25 cm² tissue culture flask containing 5 ml of growth medium without selective antibiotics.
7. Place the culture at 37 °C in 5% CO₂.

Frozen Stock Preparation

1. Aliquot 1 ml cells into cryogenic vials.
2. Transfer via ls to liquid nitrogen for long term storage.
3. Aliquot 1 ml cells into cryogenic vials.
4. Place vials in a freezing container and store at -80°C overnight.
5. Place vials to liquid nitrogen for long term storage.

Cell Maintenance

1. HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 cells grow as adherent cells. Detach the cells using trypsin for 2-3 mins at room temperature (RT). Note: Prolonged action of trypsin or incubation at 37°C may alter the cell surface expression of receptors.
2. Maintain and subculture the cells in growth medium supplemented with 30 µg/ml of Blasticidin and 100 µg/ml of Zeocin®.
3. Renew growth medium twice a week.
4. Cells should be passaged when a 70-80% confluency is reached. Do not let the cells grow to 100% confluency.

Note: The average doubling time for the HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 cells is ~24 hours using the conditions described above.

NOTE: If properly stored, cells should remain stable for years.

Handling Procedure

Note: Avoid prolonged incubation of cells at room temperature in Functional assays (see FAQs online).

1. Add 20 µl of each sample per well of a flat-bottom 96-well plate.
2. Add 20 µl of a positive control (such as TL8-506, 1 µg/ml) in one well.
3. Add 20 µl of a negative control (such as sterile, endotoxin-free water) in one well.
4. Remove HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 cells from the incubator and discard growth medium.
5. Gently rinse cells with pre-warmed PBS (5-10 ml for a T-75 flask).
6. Add pre-warmed PBS (2-5 ml for a T-75 flask) and place the cells at 37 °C for 1-2 min. Detach the cells by tapping the flask. Dissociate cell clumps by gently pipetting up and down.

Note: We recommend avoiding the use of trypsin to detach cells for the experiments (see FAQs online).

7. Count cells which have been resuspended in pre-warmed PBS.
8. Prepare a ~220,000 cells/ml suspension in HEK-Blue™ Detection medium and immediately dispense 180 µl of the cell suspension (~40,000 cells) per well.

Note: Avoid prolonged incubation of cells at room temperature in Functional assays.

9. Incubate the plate at 37 °C in 5% CO₂ for 16-24 h. SEAP can be observed with naked eye and determined using a spectrophotometer at 620-655 nm.

Specificity of HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 Cells

A HEK293 cells express endogenous levels of TLR3, TLR5 and NOD1. HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 Cells will respond to their cognate ligands, such as poly(I:C), flagellin and C12-IE-DAP, respectively. In order to determine TLR8-specific responses, we recommend to use HEK-Blue™ Null1 cells as a control cell line.

Note: HEK-Blue™ hTLR8 cells may be stimulated in a TLR8-independent manner as NF-kB/AP-1 can be activated by a wide variety of stimuli (e.g. TNF-α and PMA).

RELATED PRODUCTS

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<th>Description</th>
<th>Cat. Code</th>
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<td>Selection antibiotic</td>
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<tr>
<td>CL075</td>
<td>TLR7/TLR8 agonist</td>
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<td>CL097</td>
<td>TLR7/TLR8 agonist</td>
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<td>HEK-Blue™ Detection</td>
<td>SEAP Detection medium</td>
<td>hbdet2</td>
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<td>HEK-Blue™ Null1 Cells</td>
<td>Control cell line</td>
<td>hbnul1</td>
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<td>Normocin®</td>
<td>Antimicrobial reagent</td>
<td>antr-nr</td>
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<td>QUANTI-Blue™ Solution</td>
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<td>R848 (Resiquimod)</td>
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<td>ssRNA40/LyoVec™</td>
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<td>TLR8-506</td>
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<td>Zeocin®</td>
<td>Selection antibiotic</td>
<td>ant-zn-1</td>
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HEK-Blue™ Detection
Cell culture medium for the real-time detection of secreted alkaline phosphatase
Catalog code: hb-det2, hb-det3
https://www.invivogen.com/hek-blue-detection
For research use only
Version 23L22-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION
Contents
HEK-Blue™ Detection is provided in sealed pouches and is available in two quantities:
- hb-det2: 5 pouches
- hb-det3: 10 pouches
Each pouch contains everything needed to prepare 50 ml of medium for the colorimetric detection of secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase (SEAP).

Storage and stability
- Store sealed pouches at 2-8 °C. Unopened pouches are stable for at least 6 months when stored properly.
- Important: For the exact expiry date please see the corresponding CoA.
- Reconstituted HEK-Blue™ Detection is stable for 2 weeks at 2-8 °C and for 2 months at -20 °C. Protect from light.

DESCRIPTION
HEK-Blue™ Detection is a cell culture medium developed to provide a fast and convenient method to monitor SEAP expression. Detection of SEAP occurs as the reporter protein is secreted by the cells grown in HEK-Blue™ Detection, which will change to a purple/blue color in the presence of alkaline phosphatase activity.

SEAP is a widely used reporter gene. It is a truncated form of placental alkaline phosphatase, a GPI-anchored protein. SEAP is secreted into cell culture supernatant and therefore offers many advantages over intracellular reporters. It allows the determination of reporter activity without disturbing the cells, does not require the preparation of cell lysates, and can be used for kinetic studies. Using HEK-Blue™ Detection, SEAP expression can be observed visually, and unlike fluorescent or luminescent reporters can be easily quantified using a microplate reader or spectrophotometer.

HEK-Blue™ Detection is applicable for high-throughput screening.

METHODS
Preparation of HEK-Blue™ Detection
1. Pour the contents of one pouch of HEK-Blue™ Detection into a sterile vial/bottle.
2. Solubilize the powder with 50 ml of cell culture grade water.
3. Vortex vigorously until powder is completely dissolved.
4. Warm reconstituted HEK-Blue™ Detection to 37 °C for at least 3 hours.
5. Filter the medium through a 0.2 µm bottle-top vacuum filter into a sterile vial/bottle.
Note: We recommend using filter units providing a large filter area to facilitate filtration.
6. Keep the HEK-Blue™ Detection medium at 37 °C before use or store at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks.

Detection of SEAP activity
The following protocol is for the use of HEK-Blue™ Detection in 96-well plates. This will vary slightly depending on the volume of reagents needed, based on different plate sizes.

1. Prepare the cell suspension by detaching the cells and resuspending in a small volume of PBS.
2. Count the cells.
3. Add an appropriate amount of PBS-resuspended cells in HEK-Blue™ Detection to obtain a cell suspension at the expected concentration.
4. Add 20 µl of SEAP-inducer compound or negative control (such as PBS) per well.
5. Add 180 µl of cell suspension per well.
Note: To obtain more consistent results, we recommend to mix the SEAP-inducer and cell suspension by pipetting up and down.
6. Incubate overnight at 37°C, in 5% CO₂.
7. Determine SEAP activity with the naked eye or by reading the optical density (OD) at 620-655 nm.

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<td>psetz-seap</td>
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<td>QUANTI-Blue™ Solution</td>
<td>SEAP detection reagent</td>
<td>rep-qbs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Recombinant SEAP Protein</td>
<td>Control for SEAP assays</td>
<td>rec-hseap</td>
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