## Validation data for HCT116-Dual™ cells

## For research use only

Version # 15F29-MM

HCT116-Dual<sup>TM</sup> cells have been derived from the human HCT116 colorectal carcinoma cell line which expresses numerous pattern recognition receptors (PRRs), including the NOD-like receptors (NLRs) NOD1 and NOD2, the RIG-I-like receptor (RLR) RIG-I, and the Toll-like receptors (TLRs) TLR3 and TLR5 but not TLR2 or TLR4. HCT116-Dual<sup>TM</sup> cells have been transfected with two inducible reporter constructs: an IRF-inducible Lucia luciferase and an NF- $\kappa$ B-inducible SEAP (secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase). As a result, HCT116-Dual<sup>TM</sup> cells allow to simultaneously study the NF- $\kappa$ B pathway, by assessing the activity of SEAP (see figure 1), and the interferon regulatory factor (IRF) pathway, by monitoring the activity of Lucia luciferase (see figure 2).

## NF-κB INDUCTION (SEAP reporter)

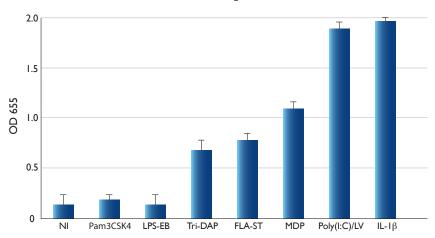


Figure 1: Stimulation of HCT116-Dual cells with the following PAMPs, Tri-DAP (NOD1 ligand,  $10 \,\mu\text{g/ml}$ ), FLA-ST Ultrapure (TLR5,  $1 \,\mu\text{g/ml}$ ), MDP ( $10 \,\mu\text{g/ml}$ ), and Poly(I:C) (TLR3 ligand,  $1 \,\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) leads to the activation of NF- $\kappa$ B. IL-1 $\beta$  ( $100 \,\text{ng/ml}$ ) has been included as positive controls to activate the NF- $\kappa$ B signaling pathway. Non-induced cells (NI), the TLR2 ligand (Pam3CSK4;  $300 \,\text{ng/ml}$ ), and the TLR4 ligand (LPS-EB Ultrapure;  $10^4 \,\text{EU/ml}$ ) have been included as negative controls. After a 24h incubation, NF- $\kappa$ B activation was determined using QUANTI-Blue, a SEAP detection reagent, and by reading the optical density (OD) at 655 nm.

## **IRF INDUCTION** (Lucia luciferase reporter)

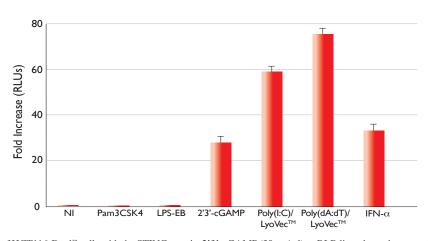


Figure 2: Stimulation of HCT116-Dual cells with the STING agonist 2'3'-cGAMP (30  $\mu$ g/ml) or RLR ligands, such as transfected poly(I:C) (100 ng/ml) or poly(dA:dT) (100 ng/ml), triggers the IRF pathway. IFN- $\alpha$  (1x10<sup>4</sup> U/ml) has been included as a positive control to activate the IRF signaling pathway. Non-induced cells (NI), the TLR2 ligand (Pam3CSK4; 300 ng/ml), and the TLR4 ligand (LPS-EB Ultrapure; 10<sup>4</sup> EU/ml) have been included as negative controls. After a 24h incubation, IRF activation was determined by measuring the relative light units (RLUs) in a luminometer using QUANTI-Luc, a Lucia luciferase detection reagent.



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