Anti-hVISTA-hlgG1NQ

Non-glycosylated monoclonal human IgG1 antibody against human VISTA

Catalog code: hvista-mab12, hvista-mab12-03 https://www.invivogen.com/nongylco-anti-hvista-mab

For research use only, not for diagnostic or therapeutic use

Version 23L15-MM

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Contents: Anti-hVISTA-hIgG1NQ purified monoclonal antibody (mAb) is provided azide-free and lyophilized. It is available in two quantities:

hvista-mab12: 100 µg Anti-hVISTA-hIgG1NQ hvista-mab12-03: 3 x 100 µg Anti-hVISTA-hIgG1NQ

Target: V-domain Ig containing suppressor of T-cell activation

(VISTA

Species reactivity: Human Source: CHO cells Isotype: Human IgG1 Light chain type: Kappa Clonality: Monoclonal

Purification: By affinity chromatography with protein G

Formulation: 0.2 µm filtered solution in a sodium phosphate buffer

with glycine, saccharose, and stabilizing agents

Storage

- Product is shipped at room temperature. Upon receipt, store at -20 °C.
- Reconstituted antibody is stable for 1 month when stored at 4°C and for 1 year when aliquoted and stored at -20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Quality control

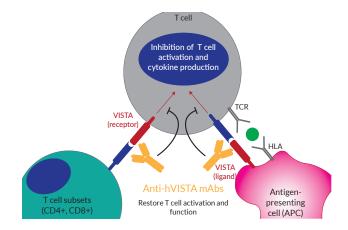
- Binding of Anti-hVISTA-hlgG1NQ to human VISTA on target cells has been confirmed using flow cytometry.
- The complete sequence of the antibody has been verified.
- Absence of bacterial contamination (e.g. lipoproteins and endotoxins) has been confirmed using HEK-Blue $^{\rm T}$ TLR2 and TLR4 cellular assays.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Anti-hVISTA-hIgG1NQ is a recombinant monoclonal antibody (mAb) featuring a variable region that recognizes human VISTA, a member of the B7 family, and a non-glycosylated constant region of the human IgG1 isotype (hIgG1NQ). Anti-hVISTA-hIgG1NQ was generated by recombinant DNA technology, produced in CHO cells, and purified by affinity chromatography with protein G.

VISTA - the Immune checkpoint

V-domain Ig containing suppressor of T cell activation (VISTA), also known as programmed death-1 homolog (PD-1H), is a member of the CD28/B7 protein superfamily¹. VISTA is predominantly expressed on antigen-presenting cells (APCs), and directly suppresses T cell activation and proliferation through its interaction with a currently unknown receptor ^{1,2}. Additionally, VISTA is expressed on a number of T cells subsets (e.g. CD4+ and CD8+ cells)². Thus, VISTA can be considered both a ligand and a receptor, whereby it transmits both extrinsic and intrinsic inhibitory signals to T cells.



Intriguingly, VISTA is absent from tumor cells, unlike its closest relative, PD-L1². However, like other immune checkpoints VISTA is found to be heightened on immune cells that infiltrate the tumor microenvironment (TME)^{1,2}. Results from murine models suggest that VISTA and PD-1 suppress T cell function in a synergistic manner, and therefore combined therapy targeting both VISTA and PD-1 to enhance anti-tumor immunity is considered extremely promising⁴. Interestingly, VISTA is also implicated in the IL-23/IL-17 inflammatory axis³, making it a highly unique immune checkpoint that has been shown to play key roles in both innate and adaptive immune responses.

IgG1 Isotype effector function

Anti-hVISTA-hIgG1NQ contains a N-glycosylation mutation in the constant region of human IgG1. Thus, potential asparagine (N) glycosylation sites are substituted by glutamine (Q) residues, resulting in the production of a non-glycosylated antibody. Glycosylation of an antibody has no effect on antigen binding but is essential for Fc receptor-mediated activity. Therefore, the effector function of Anti-hVISTA-hIgG1NQ is severely compromised (see reverse side).

1. Nowak, E.C. et al. 2017. Immunoregulatory functions of VISTA. Immunol Rev 276, 66-79. 2. Xu, W. et al. 2018. The structure, expression, and multifaceted role of immune-checkpoint protein VISTA as a critical regulator of anti-tumor immunity, autoimmunity, and inflammation. Cell Mol Immunol 15, 438-446. 3. Li, N. et al. 2017. Immune-checkpoint protein VISTA critically regulates the IL-23/IL-17 inflammatory axis. Sci Rep 7, 148. 4. Liu, J. et al. 2015. Immune-checkpoint proteins VISTA and PD-1 nonredundantly regulate murine T-cell responses. PNAS112:6682-7.

METHODS

Anti-hVISTA-hlgG1NQ resuspension (200 µg/ml)

Note: Ensure you see the lyophilized pellet before resuspension.

- Add 500 μl of sterile water to the vial and gently pipette until completely resuspended.
- Prepare aliquots and store at -20 °C until required.



ANTIBODY ISOTYPE COLLECTION

For your research, InvivoGen provides an Anti-hVISTA isotype family. This collection consists of mAbs comprising the variable region of human VISTA, and differing constant regions of both native and engineered human isotype IgG1. The isotypes differ in their functional and effector functions, such as antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC), antibody-dependent cellular phagocytosis (ADCP), and complement dependent cytotoxicity (CDC), as presented in the table below. The Anti-hVISTA isotype family will assist you in the study of the various effector functions of the different isotypes, and help you determine which isotype is the most suitable for your application.

Effector functions of both native and engineered IgG1 isotypes

| Effector | Native | Enigneered | |
|-----------|--------|------------|---------|
| functions | lgG1 | lgG1NQ | lgG1fut |
| ADCC | ++ | - | ++++ |
| ADCP | +++ | - | +++ |
| CDC | ++ | +/- | ++ |

RELATED PRODUCTS

| Product | Catalog Code |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Anti-hVISTA-hIgG1 | hvista-mab1 |
| Anti-hVISTA-hIgG1fut | hvista-mab13 |
| Jurkat-Lucia™ NFAT-CD16 cells | jktl-nfat-cd16 |
| QUANTI-Luc™ 4 Lucia/Gaussia | rep-qlc4lg1 |

Note: For more information regarding InvivoGen's ADCC assay please vist our website https://www.invivogen.com/adcc-adcp.



E-mail: info@invivogen.com